## KRAFTON, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## Consolidated Financial Statements

**December 31, 2024 and 2023** 

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

Based on a report originally issued in Korean

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Krafton, Inc.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Krafton, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes, comprising of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards ("K-IFRS").

We also have audited, in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing ("KSAs"), the Group's Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes ("ICFR") as of December 31, 2024 based on the criteria established in Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating Internal Control over Financial Reporting issued by the Operating Committee of Internal Control over Financial Reporting in the Republic of Korea, and our report dated March 11, 2025 expressed an unmodified opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with KSAs. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Republic of Korea, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

A key audit matter is matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

#### Impairment Testing of Cash-Generating Units (The Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.)

#### Reasons For the Decision as a Key Audit Matter

The Group performs impairment testing of cash-generating units including goodwill at each reporting period. Management's significant judgment is involved in measuring the recoverable amount of cash-generating units including goodwill, such as future cash flows, discount rates and growth rates of cash-generating units.

As described in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying amounts of goodwill and other intangible assets for the Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc. in the Group's consolidated financial statements are KRW 347,281 million and KRW 239,542 million, respectively. The recoverable amount of this cash-generating units varies significantly depending on how management determines the valuation model and unobservable input variables. We identified the impairment testing of cash-generating units of the Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc. as a key audit matter considering the uncertainty of these accounting estimates and the significance of cash-generating units of Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.'s carrying amount.

#### How the Key Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

The audit procedures we performed to address this key audit matter included followings:

- Understanding of the Group's policies, processes, and internal controls for accounting for impairment of cash-generating units such as goodwill
- Assessing the qualifications and independence of external experts engaged by the Group
- Testing the internal controls over management's review and approval of future cash flows estimates used in impairment testing.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the valuation model used by management to estimate value in use.
- Assessing the reasonableness of key assumptions such as future cash flows, discount rate and growth rate used by management to estimate value in use.
- Assessing whether there is a bias in the estimate by performing a retrospective review through comparing the cash flows used in the estimate with actual performance.

#### Other Matter

The procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to audit such consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with K-IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with KSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with KSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible
  for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jin-Bo Shim.

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

Seoul, Korea March 11, 2025

This report is effective as of March 11, 2025, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that the above audit report has not been updated to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

## KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023

(in thousands of Korean Won)	Notes	Dec	ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	5,6	₩	581,659,970	₩ 721,048,786
Current portion of financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	5,6,10		3,190,300,274	2,340,390,290
Trade receivables	4,5,6,7		1,006,750,036	700,401,193
Other current financial assets	4,5,6,7,8,13		140,258,701	146,958,114
Other current assets	7		80,529,563	48,968,149
Current tax assets			4,928,489	6,650,556
			5,004,427,033	3,964,417,088
Non-current assets Investments in associates and				
joint ventures Financial assets at fair value	12		722,011,324	571,251,701
through profit or loss	5,6,10		222,236,656	167,155,692
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				
income	4,5,6,11		92,599,024	133,473,399
Property and equipment	13		239,748,531	257,029,139
Intangible assets	14		656,239,213	607,781,864
Investment properties	15		557,388,744	544,483,033
Other non-current financial				
assets	5,6,7,8,13		127,238,471	69,151,069
Other non-current assets	7		180,382,786	30,116,127
Deferred tax assets	26		111,773,473	93,452,478
Derivative assets	5,6		5,418,313	2,145,030
			2,915,036,535	2,476,039,532
Total assets		₩	7,919,463,568	₩ 6,440,456,620

## KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Con'd) As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023

Liabilities           Current liabilities         4,5,6,16         W         7,000,000         W         7,000,000           Current portion of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         27,799,840            Other current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         291,073,747         281,083,264           Other current liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Non-current liabilities         4,5,6         33,883,935         520,690,697           Next defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         20         4,925,792         50,012,029           Total liabilities         20	(in thousands of Korean Won)	Notes	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
Short-term borrowings         4,5,6,16         W         7,000,000         W         7,000,000           Current portion of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         27,799,840         −           Other current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         291,073,747         281,083,264           Other current liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         9,22         303,025,389         139,706,217           Non-current liabilities         784,829,948         520,690,697           Non-current liabilities         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           <						
Current portion of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         27,799,840         -           Other current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         291,073,747         281,083,264           Other current liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         303,025,389         139,706,217           Non-current liabilities           Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Total liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20						
at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         27,799,840         -           Other current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         291,073,747         281,083,264           Other current liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         303,025,389         139,706,217           Non-current liabilities         8         520,690,697           Non-current liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity <td< td=""><td><u> </u></td><td>4,5,6,16</td><td>₩</td><td>7,000,000</td><td>₩</td><td>7,000,000</td></td<>	<u> </u>	4,5,6,16	₩	7,000,000	₩	7,000,000
Other current liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         303,025,389         139,706,217           Non-current liabilities         784,829,948         520,690,697           Non-current liabilities         Varian liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         30,502,018         360,945,662           Total liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Consolidated retained earnings         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the P		4,5,6		27,799,840		-
Other current liabilities         9,22         155,930,972         92,901,216           Current tax liabilities         303,025,389         139,706,217           Non-current liabilities         784,829,948         520,690,697           Non-current liabilities         Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of t	Other current financial liabilities	4,5,6,9,13		291,073,747		281,083,264
Current tax liabilities         303,025,389         139,706,217           Non-current liabilities         Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         5,558,820,261 <td>Other current liabilities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other current liabilities					
Non-current liabilities         784,829,948         520,690,697           Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Current tax liabilities	,				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         26         53,155,923         360,945,662           Total capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         5,558,820,261						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         4,5,6         33,883,935         83,901,868           Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         26         53,155,923         360,945,662           Total capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         5,558,820,261	Non-current liabilities					_
Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261						
Net defined benefit liabilities         17         26,627,822         17,080,991           Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	through profit or loss	4.5.6		33.883.935		83.901.868
Provisions         18         13,479,779         14,039,275           Other non-current financial liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         305,502,018         360,945,662           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Net defined benefit liabilities					
liabilities         4,5,6,9,13         143,285,908         146,304,004           Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Provisions	18				
Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Other non-current financial					
Other non-current liabilities         9,22         35,068,651         49,607,495           Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	liabilities	4,5,6,9,13		143,285,908		146,304,004
Deferred tax liabilities   26   53,155,923   50,012,029   305,502,018   360,945,662   Total liabilities   1,090,331,966   881,636,359   Equity	Other non-current					
Deferred tax liabilities         26         53,155,923         50,012,029           Total liabilities         1,090,331,966         881,636,359           Equity         Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	liabilities	9,22		35,068,651		49,607,495
Total liabilities         305,502,018         360,945,662           Equity         5hare capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Deferred tax liabilities	26				
Equity           Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261						
Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Total liabilities			1,090,331,966		881,636,359
Share capital         20         4,925,891         4,923,729           Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	Equity					
Consolidated capital surplus         20         1,477,796,495         1,472,034,191           Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261		20		4.925.891		4.923.729
Other components of equity         20,21         263,650,606         182,510,510           Consolidated retained earnings         5,081,464,676         3,894,954,772           Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	•					
Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company         6,827,837,668         5,554,423,202           Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,21				
Non-controlling Interest         1,293,934         4,397,059           Total equity         6,829,131,602         5,558,820,261						
<b>Total equity</b> 6,829,131,602 5,558,820,261				6,827,837,668		5,554,423,202
<b>Total equity</b> 6,829,131,602 5,558,820,261	Non-controlling Interest			1,293.934		4,397.059
· ·	<u> </u>					
	• •		₩		₩	

### KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(in thousands of Korean Won)	Notes	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Revenue	22	₩ 2,709,774,107	₩ 1,910,576,180
Operating costs	23	1,527,286,422	1,142,530,571
Operating profit		1,182,487,685	768,045,609
Other income	24	697,082,724	482,969,841
Other expenses	24	132,089,738	406,841,506
Finance income	25	32,533,731	37,537,873
Finance costs	25	9,457,916	8,932,004
Share of net loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	12	(47,878,096)	(44,164,477)
Profit before income tax		1,722,678,390	828,615,336
Income tax expense	26	420,085,737	234,555,022
Profit for the year		₩ 1,302,592,653	₩ 594,060,314
Other comprehensive income (loss)  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets			
at fair value through other comprehensive income		₩ (34,846,257)	₩ (19,876,378)
Equity adjustments of investments in associates and joint ventures	12	-	11,070
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability	17	291,156	(474,972)
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss			
Equity adjustments of investments in associates and			
joint ventures	12	10,096,281	(1,973,269)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		97,931,774	21,196,870
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		₩ 73,472,954	₩ (1,116,679)
Total comprehensive income for the year		₩ 1,376,065,607	₩ 592,943,635
Profit for the year is attributable to:			
Owners of the Parent Company		₩ 1,306,089,757	₩ 595,361,538
Non-controlling interests		(3,497,104)	(1,301,224)
		₩ 1,302,592,653	₩ 594,060,314
Total comprehensive income for the year is attributable to:			
Owners of the Parent Company		₩ 1,379,587,814	₩ 594,010,005
Non-controlling interests		(3,522,207)	(1,066,370)
		₩ 1,376,065,607	₩ 592,943,635
Earnings per share (in Korean Won)	27		
Basic earnings per share		₩ 28,593	₩ 12,812
Diluted earnings per share		28,384	12,750

#### KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

				Equity attrib	utable	to owners of the	Parent	Company						
						Other								
(in thousands of Korean Won)	Sha	are Capital		Consolidated apital surplus	C	omponents of Equity		onsolidated ained earnings		Subtotal		n-controlling Interest		Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	₩	4,908,154	₩	1,448,604,371	₩	190,113,306	₩	3,467,581,311	₩	5,111,207,142	₩	5,197,959	₩	5,116,405,101
Total comprehensive income Profit for the year		-		-		-		595,361,538		595,361,538		(1,301,224)		594,060,314
Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-		-		(19,876,378)		-		(19,876,378)		-		(19,876,378)
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability		-		-		(474,972)		-		(474,972)		-		(474,972)
Equity adjustments of investments in associates and joint ventures		-		-		(1,962,198)		-		(1,962,198)		-		(1,962,198)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		-		-		20,962,016		-		20,962,016		234,854		21,196,870
Transactions with shareholders recogni	ized di	rectly to equit	у											
Paid-in capital increase of Subsidiaries Transactions with non-controlling intere	ests	-		269,635 635,439		-		-		269,635 635,439		(253,426)		16,209 635,439
Reclassification equity adjustments of investments in associates and				,						,				,
joint ventures		-		(11,070)		-		-		(11,070)		-		(11,070)
Share-based payment transactions Acquisition of treasury stock		15,575 -		22,535,816		(6,251,264) (167,988,077)		-		16,300,127 (167,988,077)		518,896 -		16,819,023 (167,988,077)
Retirement of treasury stock						167,988,077		(167,988,077)		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Balance at December 31, 2023	₩	4,923,729	₩	1,472,034,191	₩	182,510,510	₩	3,894,954,772	₩	5,554,423,202	₩	4,397,059	₩	5,558,820,261

Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company														
						Other								
			(	Consolidated	С	omponents	C	onsolidated			Non	-controlling		
(in thousands of Korean Won)	Sha	are Capital	С	apital surplus		of Equity	Reta	ined earnings		Subtotal		Interest		Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	₩	4,923,729	₩	1,472,034,191	₩	182,510,510	₩	3,894,954,772	₩	5,554,423,202	₩	4,397,059	₩	5,558,820,261
Total comprehensive income														
Profit for the year		-		-		-		1,306,089,757		1,306,089,757		(3,497,104)		1,302,592,653
Loss on valuation of financial														
assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						(04.040.057)				(0.4.0.40.057)				(04.040.057)
Remeasurements of net defined		-		-		(34,846,257)		-		(34,846,257)		-		(34,846,257)
benefit liability						291,156				291,156				291,156
•		-		-		291,130		-		291,100		-		291,100
Equity adjustments of investments in associates and joint ventures						10,096,281		_		10,096,281				10,096,281
Exchange differences on		-		-		10,090,261		-		10,090,201		-		10,090,201
translation of foreign operations						97,956,878				97,956,878		(25,104)		97,931,774
Transactions with shareholders recogn	ized di	rectly to equity	,	-		97,930,070		-		91,930,010		(23, 104)		91,931,114
Transactions with non-controlling interes			'	(4,590,410)		_		_		(4,590,410)		(284,211)		(4,874,621)
Share-based payment transactions	0010	2,162		10,352,714		87,461,840				97,816,716		703,294		98,520,010
Acquisition of treasury stock		2,102		10,552,7 14		(199,399,655)				(199,399,655)		700,294		(199,399,655)
Retirement of treasury stock		_		-		119,579,853		(119,579,853)		(100,000,000)		-		(100,099,000)
Balance at December 31, 2024	₩	4,925,891	₩	1,477,796,495	₩	263,650,606	₩	5,081,464,676	₩	6,827,837,668	₩	1,293,934	₩	6,829,131,602

## KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(in thousands of Korean Won)	Note	De	cember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit for the year		₩	1,302,592,653	₩ 594,060,314
Adjustment for profit for the year	28		125,512,607	324,467,914
Changes in assets and liabilities			-,-	- , - ,-
from operating activities	28		(276,467,295)	(139,464,052)
Interest received			28,159,850	36,335,931
Interest paid			(8,926,211)	(8,443,960)
Dividends received			140,550	984,734
Income taxes paid			(263,083,331)	(145,594,643)
Net cash flows provided by operating			, , ,	
activities		₩	907,928,823	₩ 662,346,238
Cash flows from investing activities				
Decrease in short-term financial instruments			80,588,868	52,857,165
Collection of short-term loans			8,257,378	14,041,719
Decrease in long-term financial instruments			65,178	60,404
Collection of long-term loans			300,000	498,694
Disposal of financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss			18,547,749,700	14,020,936,233
Disposal of investments in associates			786,762	6,484,610
Decrease in deposits			4,414,486	1,175,231
Collection of lease receivables			11,142,952	10,613,532
Disposal of property and equipment			477,822	791,483
Disposal of intangible assets			246,770	25,846,625
Increase in short-term financial instruments			(140,258,498)	(41,119,463)
Increase in short-term loans			(6,315,280)	(1,201,444)
Increase in long-term financial instruments			(283,191)	(193,572)
Increase in long-term loans			(900,000)	(2,276,694)
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss			(18,999,261,033)	(13,803,939,050)
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive income			(6,471,082)	(75,524,113)
Increase in deposits			(4,884,480)	(3,660,648)
Acquisition of property and equipment			(20,271,800)	(34,365,898)
Acquisition of intangible assets			(6,413,173)	(1,194,601)
Acquisition of investment properties			(11,403,875)	(343,531,810)
Acquisition of investments in associates and			(000 005 454)	(404.000.440)
joint ventures Cash outflow due to business combination			(208,095,154)	(194,332,440)
Increase in long-term advance payments			- (81,088,217)	(1,576,079) (24,597,086)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		₩	(831,615,867)	₩ (394,207,202)
THE CASH HOWS ASCA III HIVESTING ACTIVITIES		V V	(001,010,007)	vv (384,201,202)

## KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (Cont'd) Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(in thousands of Korean Won)	Note	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Cash flows from financing activities					
Exercise of share options			4,101,450		219,765
Increase in non-controlling interests			14,423		16,210
Decrease in leasehold deposits received			-		(700,147)
Repayment of lease liabilities			(63,210,910)		(56,855,967)
Acquisition of treasury stock			(199,299,755)		(167,988,077)
Transaction with non-controlling interests			(262,970)		<u> </u>
Net cash flows used in financing activities		₩	(258,657,762)	₩	(225,308,216)
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			(182,344,805)		42,830,820
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year			721,048,786		674,689,124
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents			42,955,989		3,528,842
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		₩	581,659,970	₩	721,048,786

#### 1. General Information

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards ("KIFRS") 1110, Consolidated Financial Statements. Krafton, Inc. (the "Parent Company") consolidates its 33 subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group").

#### 1.1 The Company

The Group was incorporated in the Republic of Korea on March 26, 2007 to engage in software development and related ancillary businesses. The Group's headquarters is located in 231, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul. The Company changed its name from Bluehole, Inc. to Krafton, Inc. on November 30, 2018.

The Company has been listed on the KOSPI Market of the Korea Exchange (KRX) since August 10, 2021.

As of December 31, 2024, the Parent Company's share capital amounts to ₩4,926 million in ordinary shares, resulting from exercises of share options, paid-in capital increases, and a 5-for-1 stock split on May 4, 2021. As of December 31, 2024, the Company's shareholders are as follows:

(in Shares)	Number of shares	Percentage of ownership
Byung-gyu Chang	7,133,651	14.89%
Image Frame Investment (HK) Limited	6,641,640	13.86%
National Pension Service (NPS)	3,200,275	6.68%
Treasury shares	2,444,574	5.10%
Others	28,486,534	59.47%
	47,906,674	100.00%

#### 1.2 Subsidiaries

Details of the consolidated subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

Percentage of ownership held by the Group (%) <sup>1</sup>

			the Gro	up (%) ¹		
Investing Companies	Subsidiaries	Location	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Closing month	Main business
•			,	•		
Krafton, Inc.	Bluehole Studio, Inc.	Korea	100	100	December	Development and distribution of software
	En Masse Entertainment, Inc.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Distribution of game software
	Rising Wings, Inc.	Korea	100	100	December	Development and distribution of mobile game and application
	Krafton Americas, Inc. <sup>2</sup>	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Development and distribution of game software
	KRAFTON EUROPE B.V.3	Netherlands	100	100	December	Development and distribution of game software
	KRAFTON CHINA 4	China	100	100	December	Development and distribution of game
	KP PTE. LTD.	Singapore	100	100	December	Consulting advisory and investment
	Striking Distance Studios, Inc.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Development of software
	KRAFTON JAPAN, Inc. 5	Japan	100	100	December	Development and services of game
	Striking Distance Studios Spain, S.L.	Spain	100	100	December	Development of game software
	KRAFTON Ventures, Inc.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Investment
	PUBG Entertainment, Inc.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Production of video contents
	KRAFTON INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED 6	India	99.9	99.9	March	Development and distribution of game software
	SDS Interactive Canada Inc.	Canada	100	100	December	Development of game software
	Dreamotion, Inc.	Korea	100	100	December	Development and distribution of software
	Thingsflow Inc.	Korea	89.6	89.6	December	Development and distribution of software
	OmniCraft Labs,Inc. <sup>7</sup>	Korea	100	100	December	Development and sales of software
	Krafton Global GP, LLC	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Investment
	Krafton Global, LP	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Investment
	Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Development of game software

Percentage of ownership held by the Group (%) <sup>1</sup>

			the Gro	up (%) '		
			December	December	Closing	
Investing Companies	Subsidiaries	Location	31, 2024	31, 2023	month	Main business
	5minlab Corp.	Korea	100	100	December	Development and distribution of software
	Neon Giant AB	Sweden	73	72.3	December	Development of game software
	KRAFTON MONTREAL STUDIO, INC.	Canada	100	100	December	Development of game software
	VECTOR NORTH s.r.o.	Czech	100	100	December	Development of game software
	ReLU Games, Inc.	Korea	100	100	December	Development and distribution of software
	Flyway Games, Inc.	Korea	100	100	December	Development and distribution of software
	Tango Gameworks, Inc.8	Japan	100	-	December	Development of game software
	inZOI Studio <sup>8</sup>	Korea	100	-	December	Development of game software
	Blue Ocean Capital Fund I, L.P.8	Canada	100	-	December	Investment
Krafton Americas, Inc. 2	PUBG Mad Glory, LLC	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Development and distribution of software
KDAFTONI Vt	Krafton Ventures, L.L.C.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Investment
KRAFTON Ventures, Inc.	Krafton Ventures Fund, L.P.	U.S.A.	99	99	December	Investment
Krafton Ventures, L.L.C.	Krafton Ventures Fund, L.P.	U.S.A.	1	1	December	Investment
En Masse Entertainment, Inc.	En Masse Entertainment Texas, Inc.	U.S.A.	100	100	December	Development of game software
Thingsflow Inc.	Thingsflow Inc.(Japan) <sup>9</sup>	Japan	-	100	December	Development and sales of mobile application

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Means the simple combined share rate of the shares held by the Group and its Subsidiaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2023, PUBG Santa Monica, Inc. was renamed to Krafton Americas, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2023, PUBG Amsterdam B.V. was renamed to KRAFTON EUROPE B.V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2023, PUBG Shanghai was renamed to KRAFTON CHINA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2023, PUBG JAPAN Corporation was renamed to KRAFTON JAPAN, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2023, PUBG INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED was renamed to KRAFTON INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, Tiptoe Games, Inc. was renamed to OmniCraft Labs, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, it was included in the consolidation scope due to new investments entered into by the group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, it was dissolved due to liquidation.

#### 1.3 Summarized Financial Information of Subsidiaries

Summarized financial information of subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won) December 31, 2024<sup>1</sup>

from Other Current Non-current Current Non-current Continuing Comprehensiv	Comprehensive Income (loss) for the year
Current Non-current Current Non-current Continuing Comprehensiv	• •
	for the year
Subsidiary Assets Liabilities Liabilities Revenue Operation Income (loss)	for the year
Bluehole Studio, Inc. ₩ 15,123,016 ₩ 5,930,691 ₩ 4,757,431 ₩ 4,898,431 ₩ 27,361,974 ₩ 1,802,184 ₩ 137,86	5 ₩ 1,940,049
En Masse Entertainment, Inc. 197,176 10,368,222 64,711,149 (718,552) (7,886,713	(8,605,265)
Rising Wings, Inc. 11,005,021 3,269,055 41,935,612 7,174,616 17,452,399 (1,964,087) 685,37	0 (1,278,717)
Krafton Americas, Inc. 29,276,015 20,054,251 7,206,202 11,566,225 64,872,147 5,970,796 3,430,63	9,401,426
KRAFTON EUROPE B.V. 27,521,425 22,364,090 19,786,349 12,081,273 69,052,952 3,558,677 1,088,66	8 4,647,345
KRAFTON CHINA 8,980,695 225,670 3,947,454 8,919 14,577,457 (1,202,550) 561,55	1 (640,999)
PUBG Mad Glory, LLC 20,029,494 7,205,710 7,313,935 5,942,347 40,074,968 3,422,175 1,527,52	7 4,949,702
KP PTE. LTD. 3,939,583 2,720,780 2,540 (263,802) 832,38	5 568,583
Striking Distance Studios, Inc. 50,724,660 9,433,496 3,627,957 4,318,514 41,454,689 4,148,720 6,257,94	1 10,406,661
KRAFTON JAPAN, Inc. 6,786,689 1,383,464 4,343,206 1,349,059 11,408,373 378,438 42,64	9 421,087
Striking Distance Studios Spain,       2,472,143       1,009,121       489,771       526,929       3,707,310       544,163       146,95         S.L.	4 691,117
KRAFTON Ventures, Inc. 200,888 2,441,654 23,168 (12,814) 25,58	5 12,771
Krafton Ventures, L.L.C. 56,318 23,549 925 (3,549) 6,99	9 3,450
Krafton Ventures Fund, L.P. 3,157,373 1,469,971 249 - 1,222 26,778 567,00	7 593,785
En Masse Entertainment Texas, Inc.  21,918 - 31,270,323 (1,498,760) (3,757,140)	(5,255,900)
PUBG Entertainment, Inc. 241,174 217,151 1,271,244 - 20,011 6,497 (100,228)	) (93,731)
KRAFTON INDIA PRIVATE 7,535,545 16,425,341 7,034,326 9,650,658 15,635,750 (559,489) 566,03	0 6,541
SDS Interactive Canada Inc. 1,169,351 4,520 86,563 139,259 2,757,743 (42,564) 46,55	5 3,991

(in thousands of Korean won)		December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>											
Subsidiary	Current Assets	Non-current Assets	Current Liabilities	Non-current Liabilities	Revenue	Profits (loss) from Continuing Operation	Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Total Comprehensive Income (loss) for the year					
Dreamotion, Inc.	8,232,825	377,045	551,058	253,745	3,437,426	142,513	(233,125)	(90,612)					
Thingsflow Inc.	₩ 3,338,505	₩ 1,284	₩ 22,487,628	₩ 541,034	₩ 18,732,692	₩ (4,785,016)	₩ -	₩ (4,785,016)					
OmniCraft Labs, Inc.	2,506,731	1,245,640	1,323,651	1,139,561	3,406,044	161,907	(231,387)	(69,480)					
Krafton Global GP, LLC	297,388	-	-	-	-	4,874	36,270	41,144					
Krafton Global, LP	1,227,167	-	-	-	-	(306,559)	167,528	(139,031)					
Thingsflow Inc.(Japan) <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	(6,420)	46,739	40,319					
Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.	130,152,538	12,749,832	1,719,061	-	39,050,855	13,364,073	15,801,620	29,165,693					
5minlab Corp.	4,792,271	2,070,074	1,244,717	789,400	5,435,992	(7,773,807)	(61,477)	(7,835,284)					
Neon Giant AB	2,833,065	717,916	12,714,138	430,370	1,463,079	(8,065,868)	(320,067)	(8,385,935)					
KRAFTON MONTREAL STUDIO, INC.	6,135,186	5,323,590	2,162,917	1,554,536	16,180,955	1,087,983	350,081	1,438,064					
VECTOR NORTH s.r.o.	3,370,909	940,938	1,068,088	137,624	5,994,262	160,183	146,796	306,979					
ReLU Games, Inc.	6,995,479	460,980	470,118	505,025	207,524	(5,988,717)	(98,135)	(6,086,852)					
Flyway Games, Inc.	20,041,553	1,331,591	1,448,299	616,013	1,257,951	(9,309,851)	57,353	(9,252,498)					
Tango Gameworks, Inc.	7,039,291	-	21,556	-	14,055	(5,639)	83,549	77,910					
inZOI Studio	8,496,341	2,418,235	813,316	1,556,911	167,097	55,234	-	55,234					
Blue Ocean Capital Fund I, L.P.	143,798	-	457,616	-	-	(291,185)	(22,633)	(313,818)					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intercompany transactions have not been eliminated in the summarized financial information above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, it was dissolved due to liquidation and the financial information shown herein is the financial information included in the consolidated financial statements prior to exclusion from the consolidation scope.

### 1.3 Summarized Financial Information of Subsidiaries, (cont'd)

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>
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· -						Profits (loss)		Total
						from	Other	Comprehensive
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current		Continuing	Comprehensive	Income (loss)
Subsidiary	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities	Revenue	Operation	Income (loss)	for the year
Bluehole Studio, Inc.	₩ 13,860,892	₩ 3,589,202	₩ 4,220,182	₩ 4,081,912	₩ 13,246,086	₩ (8,353,839)	₩ 143,399	₩ (8,210,440)
En Masse Entertainment, Inc.	59,285	10,368,222	55,967,992	-	-	(1,754,584)	(907,038)	(2,661,622)
Rising Wings, Inc.	4,287,947	4,509,183	42,295,213	10,109,839	10,427,535	(12,050,466)	(4,449)	(12,054,915)
Krafton Americas, Inc.	22,496,338	5,260,553	6,670,798	38,869	53,281,627	4,496,900	227,572	4,724,472
KRAFTON EUROPE B.V.	23,162,719	22,271,678	19,038,014	13,325,791	43,093,393	1,809,984	603,316	2,413,300
KRAFTON CHINA	9,982,932	1,343,120	5,696,375	51,456	15,597,351	(209,514)	(19,308)	(228,822)
PUBG Mad Glory, LLC	11,350,641	6,988,324	3,695,725	5,648,962	21,237,808	1,600,186	108,503	1,708,689
KP PTE. LTD.	3,479,420	2,623,950	14,129	-	-	14,374	103,948	118,322
Striking Distance Studios, Inc.	37,659,026	11,555,025	2,504,702	4,834,119	70,650,865	127,773	689,298	817,071
KRAFTON JAPAN, Inc.	4,163,240	2,493,529	4,185,252	443,547	7,943,016	495,467	(78,439)	417,028
Striking Distance Studios Spain, S.L.	1,867,301	1,445,845	813,682	725,852	3,578,227	151,322	87,176	238,498
KRAFTON Ventures, Inc.	187,867	2,423,311	4,574	-	-	777,329	(19,441)	757,888
Krafton Ventures, L.L.C.	51,942	23,549	-	-	-	(3,600)	995	(2,605)
Krafton Ventures Fund, L.P.	3,066,284	967,024	-	-	2,187	30,443	90,991	121,434
En Masse Entertainment Texas, Inc.	26,559	-	26,019,064	-	-	(1,516,449)	(401,234)	(1,917,683)
PUBG Entertainment, Inc.	205,007	191,558	1,115,753	-	58,745	198,154	(18,112)	180,042
Indestructible Frying Pan, LLC <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	27,136	(792)	26,344
KRAFTON INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	5,497,579	4,678,501	3,741,952	2,908,065	8,825,385	(503,918)	51,615	(452,303)
SDS Interactive Canada Inc.	943,975	7,171	7,088	-	3,218,637	92,953	34,953	127,906
Dreamotion, Inc.	8,524,354	427,234	930,187	226,230	3,358,083	473,467	33,440	506,907
Thingsflow Inc.	2,719,093	2,291,139	17,508,605	2,513,909	15,714,080	(6,297,210)	63,274	(6,233,936)
Tiptoe Games, Inc.	22,181	6,827	5,972	2,088	15	(23,041)	-	(23,041)

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>										
Subsidiary	Current Assets	Non-current Assets	Current Liabilities	Non-current Liabilities	Revenue	Profits (loss) from Continuing Operation	Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Total Comprehensive Income (loss) for the year			
Krafton Global GP, LLC	₩ 256,245	₩ -	₩ -	₩ -	₩ -	₩ 36	6 ₩ 4,391	₩ 4,427			
Krafton Global, LP	1,366,198	-	-	-	-	(297,776)	32,110	(265,666)			
Thingsflow Inc.(Japan)	73,752	-	24	-	-	(86,035)	(5,300)	(91,335)			
Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.	102,240,414	7,387,584	5,015,742	-	37,140,405	16,905,729	1,239,860	18,145,589			
Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Ltd(UK) <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-					
5minlab Corp.	14,394,057	2,594,765	3,165,463	1,145,669	4,101,543	(6,874,289)	-	(6,874,289)			
Neon Giant AB	7,158,289	829,551	9,316,721	500,255	1,760,599	(3,972,894)	15,238	(3,957,656)			
KRAFTON MONTREAL STUDIO, INC.	6,125,868	2,885,987	1,467,015	1,241,580	5,771,491	496,925	237,467	734,392			
VECTOR NORTH s.r.o.	2,608,271	1,308,128	650,104	467,170	2,705,103	70,715	(244,275)	(173,560)			
ReLU Games, Inc.	12,631,128	605,791	371,318	351,469	622	(2,242,085)	-	(2,242,085)			
Flyway Games, Inc.	29,825,873	2,093,947	1,319,682	1,085,678	7,925	(1,394,806)	-	(1,394,806)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intercompany transactions have not been eliminated in the summarized financial information above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2023, it was dissolved due to liquidation and the financial information shown herein is the financial information included in the consolidated financial statements prior to exclusion from the consolidation scope.

### 1.4 Changes in Scope for Consolidation

Subsidiaries newly included or excluded in the consolidation scope for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2	2024
	Subsidiary	Reason
Included	Tango Gameworks, Inc.	Newly established
	inZOI Studio	Newly established
	Blue Ocean Capital Fund I, L.P.	Newly established
Excluded	Thingsflow Inc.(Japan)	Liquidation
	December 31, 2	2023
	·	_
	Subsidiary	Reason
Included	VECTOR NORTH s.r.o.	Newly established
	ReLU Games, Inc.	Newly established
	Flyway Games, Inc.	Newly established
Excluded	Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Ltd (UK)	Liquidation
	Indestructible Frying Pan, LLC	Liquidation

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with KIFRS. These are the standards, subsequent amendments and related interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") that have been adopted by the Republic of Korea.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- · Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments), certain classes of property and equipment and investment properties measured at fair value
- · Assets held for sale measured at fair value less costs to sell, and
- · Contingent consideration measured at fair value, and
- Defined benefit pension plans plan assets measured at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the use of critical accounting estimates. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

#### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

2.2.1 New and amended standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and interpretations for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing January 1, 2024.

#### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policy and Disclosures, (cont'd)

(a) Amendments to KIFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current, Non-current liabilities with Covenants

The amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the substantive rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise right to defer settlement of the liability or the expectations of management. Additionally, the settlement of liabilities includes the transfer of an entity's own equity instruments, except in cases where an option to settle a compound financial instrument in an entity's own equity instruments meets the definition of equity and is separately recognized from the liability component. The amendments also clarify that commitments required to be complied with after the reporting date do not affect the classification of liabilities. However, if a liability that must comply with commitments within 12 months after the reporting period is classified as non-current, the entity discloses information to enable users of financial statements to understand the risk of the liability becoming repayable within 12 months after the reporting period. The adoption of the amendments has no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(b) Amendments to KIFRS 1007 Cash Flow Statement, and KIFRS 1107 'Disclosure: Financial Instrument' - Disclosure of Supplier Finance Arrangement

When applying supplier finance agreements, entities are required to disclose information regarding the agreements to enable financial statement users to assess their impact on the entity's liabilities, cash flows, and liquidity risk exposure. The adoption of the amendments has no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(c) Amendments to KIFRS 1116 Leases – Lease Liability Arising from Sale and Leaseback

When subsequently measuring lease liabilities arising from sale and leaseback, the seller-lessee calculates lease payments or lease modifications without recognizing any profit or loss related to the right-of-use assets held by the seller-lessee. The adoption of the amendments has no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(d) Amendments to KIFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure of Virtual Assets

When holding virtual assets, acting as a custodian for virtual assets on behalf of customers, or issuing virtual assets, additional disclosure requirements are stipulated. The Group added disclosures on virtual assets in Note 14.

2.2.2 New standards and interpretations not yet adopted by the Group

The new and amended standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Group's consolidated financial statements are disclosed below.

#### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policy and Disclosures, (cont'd)

(a) Amendments to KIFRS 1021 Effects of Exchange Rate Changes, Amendments to KIFRS 1101 First-time Adoption of Korean International Financial Reporting Standards- Lack of Exchangeability

The amendments require entities to assess the exchangeability of a currency with another currency; if it is not exchangeable, entities are required to estimate the spot exchange rate and disclose relevant information. These amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with early adoption permitted. The Group is currently evaluating the impact of these amendments on its financial statements.

(b) Amendments to KIFRS 1109 Financial Instruments, Amendments to KIFRS 1107 'Disclosure: Financial Instrument'

To address practical issues and incorporate new requirements, amendments have been made to K-IFRS No. 1109 'Financial Instruments' and K-IFRS No. 1107 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures.' These amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2026, with early adoption permitted. The key changes are as follows: The Group is currently evaluating the impact of these amendments on its financial statements.

- If specific criteria are met, an entity is permitted to deem a financial liability that is settled using an electronic payment system to be discharged(removed) before the settlement date.
- Additional guidance has been clarified and added to assess whether a financial asset meets the criteria for being solely composed of principal and interest payments.
- Requiring disclosures on the impact of contractual terms that can change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows on the entity, as well as the extent of exposure for each type of financial instrument.
- · Additional disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### 2.3 Consolidation

#### (a) Subsidiaries

The Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

The excess of consideration transferred, amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity and acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recoded as goodwill.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

#### 2.4 Foreign Currency Translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Korean won, which is the Parent Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Foreign currency transactions and translation at the end of the reporting period

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or, if they are remeasured items, using the exchange rates at the revaluation dates. Foreign exchange differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange differences arising from non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

The functional currencies of all the foreign operations differ from the presentation currency of the Group. Assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position of each foreign operation are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period, while income and expenses in the statement of comprehensive income are translated at the average exchange rates.

The Group offsets translation gains and losses arising from the conversion of foreign operations' foreign currency financial statements into Korean Won and the consolidation of accounting data between the head office and foreign operations. The resulting balance is recorded as accumulated other comprehensive income (foreign operation translation gains and losses). When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, the exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### (c) Presentation of Integrated Foreign Exchange Differences

In accordance with Paragraph 29 of KIFRS 1001, The Group presents gains or losses on foreign currency transactions and gains or losses on foreign currency translation, presented in other gains or losses, as a single item "foreign exchange gains or losses".

#### 2.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.6 Revenue Recognition

#### (a) Identification of performance obligation

The Group engages in game publishing business which it provides a right to access the game, and updating, planning, developing and maintaining services of game to customers. A publishing contract with a customer is identified as a single performance obligation since the benefits from the sales of game is significantly restricted without updating services. On the other hand, virtual item sales through online and mobile games are classified as a single performance obligation.

In addition, the Group recognizes royalty revenue by providing licenses of its intellectual property (IP) to publishing companies. The Group determines to recognize as a single performance obligation for providing updates and technical support services incidental to the game service.

#### (b) A performance obligation satisfied over time

Game revenue consists of (i) revenue from providing a right to access games and (ii) revenue from sales of in-game items, and is deferred and recognized over the expected period of use, as the Group is required to provide updates during the period.

In addition, the Group recognizes royalty revenue from providing licenses of its IP. In accordance with KIFRS 1115, royalty revenue from providing a right to access the entity's IP is recognized over the license period. However, the Group recognizes revenue for sales-based or usage-based royalties promised in exchange for a license of intellectual property when the subsequent sale or usage occurs.

#### 2.7 Financial Assets

#### (a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss
- those to be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For financial assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. The Group reclassifies debt instruments when, and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value changes of investments in equity instruments not designated are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (b) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or the issuance of the financial liability. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### A. Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments into one of the following three measurement categories:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those
cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized
cost. Gains or losses on these debt investments that are subsequently measured at
amortized cost and are not part of a hedging relationship are recognized in profit or loss
when the asset are derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets
is included in 'finance income' using the effective interest rate method.

#### 2.7 Financial Assets, (cont'd)

- Fair value through other comprehensive income: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'finance income' using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in 'other income and expenses' and impairment losses are presented in 'other expenses'.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or
  fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit
  or loss. Gains or losses on these debt investments that are subsequently measured at fair
  value through profit or loss and are not part of a hedging relationship are recognized in
  profit or loss in the period in which they arise and presented as 'other income or expenses'
  in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### B. Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividend income from such investments continues to be recognized in profit or loss as 'other income' when the right to receive payment is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized as 'other income and expenses' in the statement of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss) on equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### (c) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime credit losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

#### 2.7 Financial Assets, (cont'd)

#### (d) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized or derecognized on the trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

If a transfer does not result in derecognition because the Group has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a financial liability for the consideration received. The Group classifies the financial liability as "borrowings" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### (e) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statements of financial position where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

#### 2.8 Property and Equipment

Depreciation of all property and equipment excluding land is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	useful lives
Fixtures	3 - 7 years
Facilities	5 - 7 years

#### 2.9 Government Grants

Government grants related to assets are presented in the statement of financial position by deducting the grant from the carrying amount of the asset in the statement of financial position. Government grants related to income are deferred and subsequently deducted from the related expense.

#### 2.10 Intangible Assets

Membership rights with finite useful lives are amortized over the membership period. Those with indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization, as there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the assets are expected to be utilized. The Group amortizes intangible assets with finite useful lives using the straight-line method over the following periods.

# Estimated useful lives

Industrial property rights Software Membership rights

Other intangible assets Goodwill

5 - 10 years
2 - 5 years
The Period of membership
2 - 11 years, The Period of service contract
Indefinite

#### 2.11 Investment Properties

The Group depreciates investment properties, excluding land, on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 40 years.

#### 2.12 Employee Benefits

#### (a) Post-employment benefits

While the Group operates a defined contribution as its primary post-employment benefit plan, it also pays an additional amount to employees under a separate agreement if the return on each employee's contributions is less than the amount payable under a defined benefit plan. The Group measures the additional amount payable to the employees in the same manner as a defined benefit obligation.

#### (b) Other long-term employee benefits

Certain entities within the Group provide long-term employee benefits that are entitled to employees with long-term service. Only those who have met the required service period are entitled to such benefits. The expected costs of these benefits are recognized over the period of employment using the same accounting method applied to defined benefit pension plans.

#### 2.13 Income Taxes

The Group applies the consolidated tax filing system, in which the consolidated group consists of the controlling company, which is the parent company, and domestic corporations that are wholly owned by the parent company. A single taxable income and tax amount is calculated.

The Global Minimum Tax paid under the Pillar 2 legislation falls within the scope of K-IFRS 1012, "Income Taxes." The Group recognizes the Global Minimum Tax as current income tax at the time the payment obligation arises and applies the exception rule regarding the recognition and disclosure of deferred income taxes related to the global minimum tax.

#### 2.14 Leases

#### (a) Lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on their nature.

#### (b) Lessee

The Group has entered into various lease agreements including office leases. Lease contracts are typically entered into for fixed periods of 4 to 6 years, but may have extension options as described in (c) below.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative standalone prices. However, for real estate leases where the Group is the lessee, it applies the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components, accounting for them as a single lease component.

When both the lessee and the lessor each have the right to terminate without the other party's consent, the Group takes into account termination penalties in determining the enforceable period of the lease.

Payments associated with short-term leases of fixtures and vehicles and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT-equipment and small office furniture items.

#### (c) Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property and other leases, across the Group. These terms are designed to maximize operational flexibility in managing the leases. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

#### 2.15 Segment Reporting

Information about each operating segment is reported in a manner consistent with the internal business segment reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance, has been identified as the Management Committee that makes strategic decisions.

#### 2.16 Approval of Issuance of the Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors of the Company on February 11, 2025 and final approval will be obtained from the shareholders at their Annual General Meeting on March 26, 2025.

#### 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the Group to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. Management is also required to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events under the circumstances. Since accounting estimates rarely equal actual results, they inherently involve a significant risk of resulting in material adjustments.

The management's judgement that can cause material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, and estimates and assumptions of significant risk are discussed below. Additional information of significant judgments and assumptions related to specific items is disclosed in the relevant notes.

#### (a) Revenue recognition

Game revenue consists of (i) revenue from sales of a right to access games and (ii) revenue from sales of in-game items, and is deferred and recognized over the respective expected period of use. The Group estimates the expected period of use by analyzing customer behavior pattern considering the attributes of the item and game, and it can be changed significantly according to changes due to market trends or shifts in customer behavior.

#### (b) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. In applying these techniques, the Group uses judgment in selecting appropriate methodologies and making assumptions based on market conditions as of the end of each reporting period.

#### 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions, (cont'd)

#### (c) Impairment of financial assets

The provisions for impairment of financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group exercises judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Group's historical experience, current market conditions, and forward looking information available at the end of each reporting period.

#### (d) Goodwill

To assess the impairment of goodwill, the recoverable amount of each cash generating unit (CGU) is determined based on its value in use, calculated from estimated future cash flows discounted using an appropriate rate.

#### (e) Net defined benefit liabilities

The present value of net defined benefit liabilities depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis, especially on the changes in discount rate.

#### (f) Income taxes

The Group's taxable income generated from these operations is subject to income taxes based on tax laws and interpretations of tax authorities in numerous jurisdictions. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain.

Under the Tax System for Recirculation of Corporate Income, the Group is required to pay additional income tax if a certain portion of taxable income is not used for qualifying investments or wage increases within a specified period. Accordingly, the measurement of current and deferred income tax is affected by the tax effects. As the Group's income tax is dependent on the level of investments and wage increases each year, there is an uncertainty in determining the final tax effects.

#### (g) Leases

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. The period covered by extension options (or the period covered by termination options) is included in the lease term only when it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised (or not exercised).

Most extension options in office and vehicle leases are not included in the lease liability, as the Group can replace the leased assets without incurring significant cost or causing business disruption.

### 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions, (cont'd)

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of whether it is reasonably certain to exercise (or not to exercise) an option is only revised when a significant event or change in circumstances occurs that is within the control of the lessee, and affects the original assessment.

#### 4. Financial Risk Management

#### 4.1 Financial Risk Factors

(a) The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk (Market risk includes foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and price risk of equity securities). The Group establishes and operates financial risk management policy in place to monitor and actively manage these risk factors. Financial assets subject to the Group's financial risk management include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial instruments at amortized cost, financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities under the Group's financial risk management include trade and other payables and other financial liabilities.

#### (b) Market risk

#### A. Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from international operations and transactions with different foreign currencies. Most widely used foreign currencies are the US Dollar, Chinese Yuan, Euro and others. The Group periodically evaluates, manages, and reports foreign currency exposures related to receivables and payables.

Monetary financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands	of Korean
won)	

won)		December 31, 2024							
		USD		CNY		EUR		Others	
Financial assets denominated in foreign currency	₩	1,066,012,588	₩	36,835,916	₩	1,436,972	₩	9,798,689	
Financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency		108,738,055		8,213,925		8,598,076		5,058,022	

#### 4. Financial Risk Management, (cont'd)

(in thousands of Korean won)		December 31, 2023									
		USD		CNY		EUR		Others			
Financial assets denominated in foreign currency	₩	923,814,412	₩	14,269,229	₩	7,753,214	₩	2,749,575			
Financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency		77,328,775		10,529,870		14,196,516		2,748,496			

The table below summarizes the impact of weakened/strengthened Korean won on the Group's profit before income tax. The analysis is based on the assumption that Korean won has weakened/strengthened by 5% with all other variables held constant.

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024							
	Str	engthened	W	eakened				
Financial assets denominated in foreign currency	₩	(55,704,158)	₩	55,704,158				
Financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency		6,530,404		(6,530,404)				
Net effect	₩	(49,173,754)	₩	49,173,754				
(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2023							
	St	rengthened	V	Veakened				
Financial assets denominated in foreign currency	₩	(47,429,322)	₩	47,429,322				
Financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency		5,240,183		(5,240,183)				
Net effect	₩	(42,189,139)	₩	42,189,139				

#### B. Interest rate risk

The Group implements certain measures including periodic monitoring of interest rate trends, to manage uncertainties arising from changes in interest rates.

There are no financial assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### C. Price risk

The effects on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from a fluctuation of approximately 1% in the price of listed equity securities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)		ember 31, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
Changes in other comprehensive income when price per share of listed shares fluctuates by approximately 1% (after deduction of tax	₩	232,447	₩	482,414
effects)				

#### 4. Financial Risk Management, (cont'd)

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk arises in the normal course of business and investing activities, when clients or other parties fail to meet their contractual obligations. It also arises from cash and cash equivalents, savings and derivative instruments transactions with financial institutions. To mitigate or eliminate certain exposures, the Group enters into transactions only with financial institutions that have high credit ratings. The maximum amount exposed to credit risks by each financial instrument is its book value.

#### A. Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to measure the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the number of days past due. The expected credit losses include forward-looking information. The loss allowance provision as of December 31, 2024, is determined as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024												
	Less than 90 days past due and within due	18	ess than 80 days ast due	27	ss than 0 days est due	Less than 1 year past due		More than 1 year past due		Impaired receivables			Total
Expected loss rate	0.02%		41.66%		80.38%		100.00%		98.63%		78.88%		
Gross carrying amount	₩ 1,006,476,108	₩	138,574	₩	6,708	₩	1	₩	245,756	₩	1,649,208	₩	1,008,516,355
Loss allowance provision	(159,991)		(57,728)		(5,392)		(1)		(242,379)		(1,300,828)		(1,766,319)

The amounts recognized in profit or loss within 'impairment loss' in relation to the impairment of trade receivables for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
Operating costs	₩	(82,043)	₩	(3,283,475)

#### B. Other financial assets at amortized cost

All of the other financial assets at amortized costs other than trade receivables, are considered to be of low credit risk when they exhibit a low risk of default and the issuer is assessed to have a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and thus the loss allowance provision recognized was limited to 12-months expected credit losses during the year. However, if a significant increase in credit risk is identified, the loss allowance provision for lifetime expected credit losses is recognized.

#### 4. Financial Risk Management, (cont'd)

The amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to the impairment of other financial assets at amortized costs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December	31, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Other Expenses	₩	39,000	₩	123,293	

#### (d) Liquidity risk

The ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management lies with the Board of Directors, which establishes fundamental policies to properly manage short-term and mid to long-term funding, as well as liquidity management regulations. The Group maintains liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient reserves and credit lines, by continually monitoring forecastand actual cash flows, and by aligning the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The table below summarizes the details of the Group's financial liabilities classified into relevant maturity groupings based on their remaining contractual maturities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, to the contractual maturity date:

	December 31, 2024											
(in thousands of Korean won)		ok value	са	ntractual sh flows		ess than 1 year	Betw 1 and 5	years	Ove ₩	r 5 years	١٨/	Total
Borrowings Account payable	₩	7,000,000 209,954	₩	7,000,000 209,954	₩	7,000,000 209,954	₩	-	VV	-	₩	7,000,000 209,954
Other payables	;	37,187,385		37,187,385		37,187,385		-		-		37,187,385
Accrued expenses		96,717,784		96,717,784		179,924,162	•	728,037		65,585		196,717,784
Lease liabilities Leasehold deposits received	19	90,954,674 9,289,858	2	9,982,683		72,959,796 2,517,000	,	014,379 465,683		5,807,249		9,982,683
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(	61,683,775		68,207,481		29,701,350	38,	506,131		-		68,207,481
	₩ 50	03,043,430	₩ 5	26,086,711	₩ 3	329,499,647	₩ 190,	714,230	₩	5,872,834	₩	526,086,711

#### 4. Financial Risk Management, (cont'd)

	December 31, 2023								
(in thousands of Korean won)	Book value	Contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total			
Borrowings	₩ 7,000,000	₩ 7,000,000	₩ 7,000,000	₩ -	₩ -	₩ 7,000,000			
Account payable	206,518	206,518	206,518	-	-	206,518			
Other payables	35,110,688	35,110,688	34,925,979	184,709	-	35,110,688			
Accrued expenses	186,257,405	186,257,405	179,725,794	6,421,470	110,141	186,257,405			
Lease liabilities	196,761,519	212,242,534	67,234,846	144,452,623	555,065	212,242,534			
Leasehold deposits received	9,051,138	9,982,683	500,000	9,482,683	-	9,982,683			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	83,901,868	103,448,337	-	84,855,525	18,592,812	103,448,337			
	₩ 518,289,136	₩ 554,248,165	₩ 289,593,137	₩ 245,397,010	₩ 19,258,018	₩ 554,248,165			

#### 4.2 Capital Risk Management

The Group's objective in managing capital is to maintain a sound capital structure. The Group uses the debt-to-equity ratio as a key indicator of capital management, which is calculated by dividing the Group's total liabilities by its total equity presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Debt-to-equity ratios as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Debt (A)	₩ 1,090,331,966	₩ 881,636,359
Equity (B)	6,829,131,602	5,558,820,261
Debt-to-equity ratio (A/B)	15.97%	15.86%

#### 5. Fair Value Measurement

(a) The carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Decembe	r 31, 2024	December 31, 2023			
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value		
Financial assets measured at fair	value					
Current portion of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩ 3,190,300,274	₩ 3,190,300,274	₩ 2,340,390,290	₩ 2,340,390,290		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	222,236,656	222,236,656	167,155,692	167,155,692		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	92,599,024	92,599,024	133,473,399	133,473,399		
Derivative assets	5,418,313	5,418,313	2,145,030	2,145,030		
Financial assets measured at amo	ortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	581,659,970	581,659,970	721,048,786	721,048,786		
Trade receivables	1,006,750,036	1,006,750,036	700,401,193	700,401,193		
Other current financial assets	128,399,666	128,399,666	135,793,431	135,793,431		
Other non-current financial assets	108,827,322	108,827,322	45,064,726	45,064,726		
Other financial assets						
Current lease receivables	11,859,035	11,859,035	11,164,683	11,164,683		
Non-current lease receivables	18,411,149	18,411,149	24,086,343	24,086,343		
,	₩ 5,366,461,445	₩ 5,366,461,445	₩ 4,280,723,573	₩ 4,280,723,573		

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023				
	Carı	ying amount	ı	Fair value	Car	rying amount	F	air value
Financial liabilities measured at fa	ir val	ue						
Current portion of financial								
liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	₩	27,799,840	₩	27,799,840	₩	-	₩	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		33,883,935		33,883,935		83,901,868		83,901,868
Financial liabilities measured at a	morti	zed cost						
Current portion of long-term borrowings		7,000,000		7,000,000		7,000,000		7,000,000
Other current financial liabilities 1		219,754,599		219,754,599		215,333,268		215,333,268
Other non-current financial liabilities <sup>2</sup>		23,650,382		23,650,382		15,292,480		15,292,480
Other financial liabilities								
Current lease liabilities		71,319,148		71,319,148		65,749,996		65,749,996
Non-current lease liabilities		119,635,526		119,635,526		131,011,524		131,011,524
	₩	503,043,430	₩	503,043,430	₩	518,289,136	₩	518,289,136

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The amount includes liabilities related to employee compensation and share-based payment of ₩ 126,070,726 thousand (December 31, 2023: ₩ 118,131,478 thousand).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  The amount includes liabilities related to employee compensation and share-based payment of  $\mbox{$W$}$  16,793,622 thousand (December 31, 2023:  $\mbox{$W$}$  5,848,090 thousand).

#### 5. Fair Value Measurement, (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities measured at fair value

A. Fair value hierarchy and fair value measurement

The fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurement involves estimating the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in such a transaction under current market conditions as of the measurement date. When measuring fair value using valuation techniques, the Group maximizes the use of observable market information and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs.

When measuring fair value of assets or liabilities, the Group utilizes observable input variables in the market to the maximum extent possible. Fair value is classified within the fair value hierarchy based on the observability of input variables used in the valuation techniques, as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible at the measurement date
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted prices at the end of the reporting period. It is regarded as an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from exchange markets, dealers, brokers, industry groups, pricing services, or regulatory agencies, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted price used for financial assets held by the Group is the closing price as of the end of the reporting period. These instruments are classified in 'Level 1'. Instruments included in 'Level 1' are categorized as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These include internal valuation models developed by the Group, or prices provided by independent external pricing services. The Group uses discounted cash flow techniques and formulates an assumption based on market conditions as of the end of the reporting period. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and minimize the use of entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to measure the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in 'Level 2'.

If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instruments are included in 'Level 3'. Assets and liabilities included in 'Level 3' are measured using techniques such as the cost approach, net asset value method, and binomial model.

### 5. Fair Value Measurement, (cont'd)

#### B. Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy classifications of the financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024							
(in thousands of Korean won)		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Financial assets measured at	fair v	/alue						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩	-	₩	3,190,300,274	₩	222,236,656	₩	3,412,536,930
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		31,582,522		-		61,016,502		92,599,024
Derivative assets		-		-		5,418,313		5,418,313
Financial liabilities measured	at fai	ir value						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	₩	-	₩	-	₩	61,683,775	₩	61,683,775
				December	r 31, :	2023		
(in thousands of Korean won)		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Financial assets measured at	fair v	/alue						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩	-	₩	2,339,101,046	₩	168,444,936	₩	2,507,545,982
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		65,545,380		-		67,928,019		133,473,399
Derivative assets		-		-		2,145,030		2,145,030
Financial liabilities measured	at fai	ir value						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	₩	-	₩	-	₩	83,901,868	₩	83,901,868

#### 5. Fair Value Measurement, (cont'd)

Valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurements categorized within Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	Fair	value	_	Valuation technique	<u>s</u>
(in thousands of Korean	December 31,	December 31,		December Decemb	er
won)	2024	2023	Level	31, 2024 31, 202	B Inputs
Financial assets at fair	₩ 3,190,300,274	₩ 2,339,101,046	2	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate considering credit rating and others
value through profit or loss	131,204,489	94,832,305	3	Net asset valuation method	Fair value of the investee's assets
	91,032,167	73,612,631	3	Cost-based approach	<sup>1</sup> Acquisition cost
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	61,016,502	67,928,019	3	Cost-based approach	n <sup>1</sup> Acquisition cost
Derivative assets	5,418,313	2,145,030	3	Binomial model (T-F)	Annualized variability of stock prices(47.05%) and others
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	61,683,775	83,901,868	3	Discounted cash flow	Estimated revenue of the investee company,  Discount rate considering credit rating(2.89%~6.84%) and others

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group, the costs are deemed the best estimate of the fair value, since (i) the Group cannot obtain sufficient information for measuring fair value; and (ii) there are no significant changes in the value of investee during the past or the current year.

#### C. Valuation processes for fair value measurements categorized as Level 2 and Level 3

Each finance department of the Group's segments is responsible for fair value measurements for financial reporting purposes, including fair value measurements categorized as Level 2 and Level 3. The departments periodically reports the fair value valuation process and its outcome in accordance with the reporting schedule at the end of each reporting period.

Sensitivity analysis of financial instruments is performed using statistical techniques to assess the impact of favorable and unfavorable changes in the fair value of financial instruments affected by the unobservable input parameters. When the fair value is influenced by more than two input parameters, the most favorable and the most unfavorable scenarios are used to determine the impact.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The discounted cash flow method was applied to evaluate only the cash flows included in the contract terms.

#### 5. Fair Value Measurement, (cont'd)

Excluding financial instruments valuated through cost-based approach and net asset valuation method, the results of the sensitivity analysis for changes in unobservable inputs affecting profit or loss for Level 3 financial instruments for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousa	nds of Korean
won)	

,					,	•					
		Favorable changes				Unfavorable changes					
	Profit (loss)			Equity	Profit (los			Equity			
Derivative assets	₩	384,637	₩		- ₩	(367,070)	₩	-			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		175,816		1,247,33	9	(178,070)		(1,304,788)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The effects of a 10% increase or decrease in key unobservable input variables such as stock price volatility and discount rate on fair value were calculated.

(in thousands	of Korean
won)	

**December 31, 2023** 

won)	December 31, 2023								
		Favorable changes				Unfavorable changes			
	Profit (loss)		Equity		Profit (loss)			Equity	
Derivative assets	₩	80,447	₩	-	₩	(88,444)	₩	-	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		1,005,207		1,240,017		(1,036,119)		(1,304,752)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The effects of a 10% increase or decrease in key unobservable input variables such as stock price volatility and discount rate on fair value were calculated.

#### 5. Fair Value Measurement, (cont'd)

The changes in Level 3 classified assets and liabilities measured at fair value during the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Beginning				Exchange rate	Ending
(in thousands of Korean won)	Balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation	differences	Balance
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩ 168,444,936 ₩	<b>34,273,613</b> ₩	(1,417,091) ₩	20,555,328	₩ 379,870 ₩	222,236,656
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	67,928,019	6,471,082	-	(13,382,599)	-	61,016,502
Derivative assets	2,145,030	-	-	3,272,994	289	5,418,313
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	83,901,868	-	-	(22,218,093)	-	61,683,775

#### (c) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group recognizes both trade receivables from and payables to platform providers, that meet the offsetting criteria under KIFRS 1032 paragraph 42. Accordingly, the trade receivables are presented on a net basis in the consolidated financial statements. Trade payables which are offset with trade receivables amounted to  $\mbox{$W$}$  28,257 million as of December 31, 2024(December 31, 2023:  $\mbox{$W$}$  24,075 million).

### 6. Financial Instruments by Category

#### 6.1 Carrying Amounts of Financial Instruments by Category

Carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities by category as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)		<b>December 31, 2024</b>	De	ecember 31, 2023
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value:				
Current portion of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩	3,190,300,274	₩	2,340,390,290
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value		222,236,656		167,155,692
through other comprehensive income		92,599,024		133,473,399
Derivative assets		5,418,313		2,145,030
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash and cash equivalents		581,659,970		721,048,786
Trade receivables		1,006,750,036		700,401,193
Other current financial assets		128,399,666		135,793,431
Other non-current financial assets		108,827,322		45,064,726
Other financial assets:				
Current lease receivables		11,859,035		11,164,683
Non-current lease receivables		18,411,149		24,086,343
	₩	5,366,461,445	₩	4,280,723,573
(in thousands of Korean won)		December 31, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value:				
Current portion of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities at fair value	₩	27,799,840	₩	-
through profit or loss		33,883,935		83,901,868
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Short-term borrowings		7,000,000		7,000,000
Other current financial liabilities		219,754,599		215,333,268
Other non-current financial liabilities		23,650,383		15,292,480
Other financial liabilities:				
Current lease liabilities		71,319,148		65,749,996
Non-current lease liabilities		119,635,526		131,011,524
	₩	503,043,431	₩	518,289,136

#### 6.2 Net Gains or Losses by Category of Financial Instruments

Fair value of financial instruments is equal to the carrying amounts, except for equity instruments that do not have a quoted price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be measured reliably.

Net gains or losses on each category of financial instruments for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dec	ember 31, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023
Dividend income:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩	140,550	₩	456,194
Interest income/expenses:		,		.00,.0.
Financial assets at amortized cost		30,933,056		35,671,663
Financial liabilities at amortized cost		(642,822)		(537,519)
Other financial assets		1,600,371		1,866,091
Other financial liabilities		(8,577,198)		(8,125,573)
Gain (loss) on disposal:		(0,077,100)		(0,120,070)
Financial assets at amortized costs		23,343		14,457
Financial assets at amortized costs  Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		269,293,169		135,176,980
		203,233,103		100,170,000
Gain (loss) on valuation:		183,004,227		(2,686,129)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through other		, ,		,
comprehensive income		(34,846,257)		(19,876,378)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		27,415,654		150,210,081
Derivative assets		3,272,994		385,486
Net impairment loss:				
Trade receivables		82,043		3,283,474
Financial assets at amortized cost		(39,000)		(105,702)
Net gain (loss) on foreign currency translation:		, ,		, ,
Trade receivables		114,534,943		15,484,924
Financial assets at amortized costs		24,741,710		2,996,829
Financial liabilities at amortized costs		(12,805,915)		(275,359)
	₩	598,130,868	₩	313,939,519
				_

#### 7. Trade Receivables, Other Financial Assets and Other Assets

Details of trade receivables, other financial assets and other assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024						December 31, 2023		
(in thousands of				Provision for					
Korean won)	Gro	oss amount	im	pairment	N	et amount	N	let amount	
Trade receivables Other current financial assets	₩	1,008,516,355	₩	(1,766,319)	₩	1,006,750,036	₩	700,401,193	
Short-term financial instruments		106,044,170		-		106,044,170		42,174,929	
Short-term loans		9,635,222		(22,000)		9,613,222		73,104,657	
Other receivables		10,406,595		(241,852)		10,164,743		16,249,127	
Accrued income		850,598		-		850,598		800,398	
Deposits		1,726,933		-		1,726,933		3,464,320	
Lease receivables		11,859,035				11,859,035		11,164,683	
	₩	140,522,553	₩	(263,852)	₩	140,258,701	₩	146,958,114	
Other current assets									
Advance payments		4,721,928		(526,465)		4,195,463		2,277,334	
Prepaid expenses		74,386,643		-		74,386,643		45,609,324	
Others		1,947,457		-		1,947,457		1,081,491	
	₩	81,056,028	₩	(526,465)	₩	80,529,563	₩	48,968,149	
Other non-current financial assets									
Long-term loans	₩	58,015,136	₩	-	₩	58,015,136	₩	1,200,000	
Long-term other receivables		2,141,420		-		2,141,420		602,329	
Long-term accrued income		553,965		-		553,965		305,241	
Long-term financial instruments		8,380,056		-		8,380,056		6,210,272	
Deposits		39,736,745		-		39,736,745		36,746,885	
Long-term Lease receivables		18,411,149		-		18,411,149		24,086,342	
	₩	127,238,471	₩	-	₩	127,238,471	₩	69,151,069	
Other non-current assets									
Long-term advance payments	₩	108,443,195	₩	-	₩	108,443,195	₩	30,116,127	
Long-term prepaid expenses		71,939,591				71,939,591	. <u></u>		
	₩	180,382,786	₩		₩	180,382,786	₩	30,116,127	
	₩	1,537,716,193	₩	(2,556,636)	₩	1,535,159,557	₩	995,594,652	
			Decer	nber 31, 2024	1		Decei	mber 31, 2023	
(in thousands of				ovision for					
Korean won)	Gro	ss amount	im	pairment	Ne	et amount	N	et amount	
Third party receivables	₩	1,518,473,955	₩	(2,556,636)	₩	1,515,917,319	₩	982,557,940	
Related party receivables		19,242,238		-		19,242,238		13,036,712	
	₩	1,537,716,193	₩	(2,556,636)	₩	1,535,159,557	₩	995,594,652	

#### 7. Trade Receivables, Other Financial Assets and Other Assets, (cont'd)

Changes in the provision for impairment for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

Decem	har	24	2024
Decem	ıner	.51.	2024

(in thousands of Korean won)	Beginning		Provision (reversal)			Write-off		Ending
Trade receivables Other current financial assets	₩	1,848,361	₩	(82,043)	₩	-	₩	1,766,318
Short-term loans		22,000		-		-		22,000
Other receivables		689,989		39,000		(487,137)		241,852
Other current assets								
Advance payments		17,591		508,874				526,465
	₩	2,577,941	₩	465,831	₩	(487,137)	₩	2,556,635

December	31.	2023
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(in thousands of Korean won)	Provision Beginning (reversal) Write-off						Ending	
,		-5 5		( ,				<b>.</b>
Trade receivables	₩	5,150,797	₩	(3,283,474)	₩	(18,962)	₩	1,848,361
Other current financial assets								
Short-term loans		22,000		-		-		22,000
Other receivables		689,989		105,702		(105,702)		689,989
Other non-current financial								
assets								
Advance payments		-		17,591				17,591
	₩	5,862,786	₩	(3,160,181)	₩	(124,664)	₩	2,577,941

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, fair values of trade receivables, other current assets and other non-current assets are equal to their book value. The maximum exposure of trade and other receivables to credit risk is the book value of receivables mentioned above.

#### 8. Restricted Financial Instruments

Financial instruments which are restricted in use as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)			December 31, 2024		ember 31, 2023	Restriction
Other current financial assets	INDUSTRIAL BANK OF KOREA Woori Bank	₩	150,000 200,000	₩	50,000	Provided as collateral <sup>1</sup> Provided as collateral <sup>1</sup>
	Shinhan Bank		-		1,787,649	Provided as collateral 2
	Royal Bank of Canada		-		112,059	Provided as collateral <sup>2</sup>
Other non-current financial assets	Woori Bank		7,365,683		5,578,034	Provided as collateral <sup>2</sup>
	Woori Bank		100,000		100,000	Provided as collateral 1
	Royal Bank of Canada		102,396		48,732	Provided as collateral <sup>1</sup>
	Royal Bank of Canada		220,155		-	Provided as collateral <sup>2</sup>
		₩	8,138,234	₩	7,676,474	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Provided as a collateral for company credit card limit (Note 19).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Provided as a collateral for leasehold deposits received (Note 19).

#### 9. Other Liabilities

Details of other liabilities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)		ember 31, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Other current financial liabilities:					
Account payables	₩	209,955	₩	206,518	
Other payables		37,187,385		34,925,979	
Accrued expenses <sup>1</sup>		179,924,161		179,725,794	
Lease liabilities		71,319,148		65,749,996	
Current portion of leasehold deposits received		2,433,098		474,977	
	₩	291,073,747	₩	281,083,264	
Other current liabilities and contract liabilities:					
Withholdings	₩	18,583,798	₩	8,277,215	
Unearned revenue		134,388,699		80,744,909	
Advance received		2,561,343		3,246,129	
Others		397,132		632,963	
	₩	155,930,972	₩	92,901,216	
Other non-current financial liabilities:					
Long-term other payables	₩	-	₩	184,708	
Long-term accrued expenses <sup>2</sup>		16,793,622		6,531,611	
Leasehold deposits received		6,856,760		8,576,161	
Lease liabilities		119,635,526		131,011,524	
	₩	143,285,908	₩	146,304,004	
Other non-current liabilities and contract liabilities:					
Long-term unearned revenue	₩	35,068,651	₩	49,607,495	
	₩	625,359,278	₩	569,895,979	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes liabilities related to employee benefit and share-based payment amounting to ₩ 126,070,726 thousand (December 31, 2023: ₩ 118,131,478 thousand).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Includes liabilities related to employee benefit and share-based payment amounting to  $\,\,$  16,793,622 thousand (December 31, 2023:  $\,$   $\,$  5,848,090 thousand).

#### 10. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Details of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024											
(in thousands of Korean won)	Acquisition cost	Accumulated gain (loss) on valuation	Book value	Current	Non-current							
Beneficiary certificates Redeemable convertible	₩ 3,137,254,739	₩ 242,006,802	₩ 3,379,261,541	₩ 3,190,300,274	₩ 188,961,267							
preference shares and others	39,562,931	(10,196,167)	29,366,764	-	29,366,764							
Simple Agreement for Future Equity	8,309,543	(4,400,918)	3,908,625	-	3,908,625							
	₩ 3,185,127,213	₩ 227,409,717	₩ 3,412,536,930	₩ 3,190,300,274	₩ 222,236,656							
		ı	December 31, 202	23								
(in thousands of Korean won)	Acquisition cost	Accumulated gain (loss) on valuation	Book value	Current	Non-current							
Beneficiary certificates Redeemable convertible	₩ 2,476,260,053	₩ 10,794,153	₩ 2,487,054,206	₩ 2,339,101,046	₩ 147,953,160							
preference shares and others	23,232,611	(8,607,605)	14,625,006	1,289,244	13,335,762							
Simple Agreement for Future Equity	5,960,820	(94,050)	5,866,770		5,866,770							
	₩ 2,505,453,484	₩ 2,092,498	₩ 2,507,545,982	₩ 2.340.390.290	₩ 167,155,692							

#### 11. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Details of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024										
(in thousands of Korean won)	Acq	uisition cost	No	on-current							
Unlisted equity securities Listed equity securities	₩	72,469,149 75,645,630 148,114,779	₩	(11,452,647) (44,063,108) (55,515,755)	₩	61,016,502 31,582,522 92,599,024	₩	61,016,502 31,582,522 92,599,024			
				December	r 31, 2	2023					
(in thousands of Korean won)	Acq	uisition cost	ga	ccumulated ain(loss) on valuation	В	ook value	No	on-current			
Unlisted equity securities	₩	65,998,068	₩	1,929,951	₩	67,928,019	₩	67,928,019			

Listed equity securities		75,645,630		(10,100,250)		65,545,380	65,545,380		
	₩	141,643,698	₩	(8,170,299)	₩	133,473,399	₩	133,473,399	

#### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures

Details of the associates and joint ventures of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	Percentage	of ownership		Date of
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Location	financial statements
1Up Ventures, L.P.	33.53%	33.53%	U.S.A.	31-Dec
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	13.57%	13.57%	Korea	31-Dec
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund <sup>2</sup>	54.55%	54.55%	Korea	31-Dec
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	15.50%	15.64%	India	31-Dec
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	18.48%	18.23%	India	31-Dec
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66	42.96%	42.96%	Korea	31-Dec
Tamatem Inc. <sup>1</sup>	13.61%	13.61%	Virgin Islands	31-Dec
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd <sup>1</sup>	5.33%	5.33%	Korea	31-Dec
Seoulauction X Co., Ltd <sup>1,6</sup>	10.26%	10.26%	Korea	31-Dec
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited	31.91%	31.91%	India	31-Dec
Mebigo Labs Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	10.70%	10.70%	India	31-Dec
Smart KNB Booster Fund <sup>2</sup>	75.86%	75.86%	Korea	31-Dec
NIRVANANA	28.26%	33.33%	Korea	31-Dec
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.	44.05%	44.54%	U.S.A.	31-Dec
Anycast technology Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	9.40%	9.41%	India	31-Dec
Funnystorm	24.24%	24.24%	Korea	31-Dec
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited	23.19%	23.19%	India	31-Dec
Playgig, Inc. <sup>1</sup>	16.18%	16.18%	U.S.A.	31-Dec
Gardens Interactive, Inc. <sup>1</sup>	11.50%	11.58%	U.S.A.	31-Dec
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.	27.47%	27.47%	Korea	31-Dec
Kona Venture Fund V	49.00%	49.00%	Korea	31-Dec
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX	46.67%	46.67%	Korea	31-Dec
Studio Sai, Co.	20.00%	20.00%	U.S.A.	31-Dec
Boundary Inc.	24.00%	20.00%	Korea	31-Dec
OVERDARE, Inc. <sup>3</sup>	85.00%	85.00%	U.S.A.	31-Dec
IMM India Fund	44.44%	44.44%	Korea	31-Dec
Red Rover Interactive Limited 1,4	17.03%	-	U.K.	30-Sep
Eschatology Entertainment Ltd <sup>1,4</sup>	19.03%	-	Cyprus	30-Sep
Ruckus Games Holdings, Inc. 1,4	15.84%	-	U.S.A.	30-Sep
E.F. Games, S.L. <sup>4</sup>	25.00%	-	Spain	30-Sep
Piccolo Studio, S.L. <sup>4</sup>	25.00%	-	Spain	30-Sep
Republic Games Ltd <sup>4</sup>	22.22%	-	U.K.	30-Sep
Jeux Wolf Haus Inc. 1,4	16.57%	-	Canada	30-Sep
Spoonlabs <sup>4</sup>	34.20%	-	Korea	30-Sep
Day 4 Night Studios Inc. 4	27.78%	-	U.S.A.	30-Sep

TBT-IBX NEXT UNICORN FUND ${1}\!{1}\!{1}$ 2,4	51.38%	-	Korea	31-Dec
Voracious Games Inc. 1,4	18.25%	-	U.S.A.	30-Sep
Antistatic Studios Inc. <sup>4</sup>	29.62%	-	Poland	30-Sep
Loco Interactive Pte Limited 5	_	11.41%	India	31-Dec

- <sup>1</sup> Although the Group holds less than 20%, the Group classified the entities as associates, as the Group is considered to have significant influences over the entity as the Group participates in same or similar level of Board of Directors.
- <sup>2</sup> Although the Group holds more than 50%, due to legal and contractual restrictions on the investor's rights, the conditions for having control are not met. However, the Group classified it as investments in associates, as the Group is able to exercise significant influence over the entity.
- <sup>3</sup> Although the Group holds more than 50%, due to possessing joint control such as requiring unanimous consent from all investors for decisions regarding the relevant activities, the Group classified it as the investment in joint ventures.
- <sup>4</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, the entity was included in the scope of associates or joint venture due to new investments made by the Group.
- <sup>5</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, all shares were sold by the Group.
- $^{\rm 6}$  During the year ended December 31, 2024, X By Blue Co., Ltd. was renamed to Seoulauction X Co., Ltd

### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures, (cont'd)

Details of valuation of investments in associates and joint ventures that are accounted for using the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

					I	Decemi	ber 31, 2024				
(in thousands of Korean won)	Beginning		Acquisition	Share of profit (loss) of associates and ition joint ventures		Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures		Disposals	Impairment loss		Ending
1Up Ventures, L.P.	₩	12,078,234	₩	-	₩ (812,197)	₩	1,627,292	₩ -	₩ -	₩	12,893,329
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.		-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund		9,269,137		-	(213,265)		264,723	-	-		9,320,595
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited		34,919,830		-	(753,223)		887,913	(76,098)	-		34,978,422
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited		42,800,916		-	(254,058)		170,179	8,528	(20,125,947)		22,599,618
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66	2	264,756,705		-	(19,527,381)		-	-	-		245,229,324
Tamatem Inc.		7,182,136		-	207,550		308,980	-	-		7,698,666
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd		2,448,995		-	(183,528)		670	-	-		2,266,137
Seoulauction X Co., Ltd		4,873,561		-	(70,762)		1,604	-	-		4,804,403
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited		6,110,413		-	264,494		249,216	-	-		6,624,123
Mebigo Labs Private Limited		12,711,041		-	(720,965)		(486,393)	325,673	-		11,829,356
Smart KNB Booster Fund		8,840,655	22,000,00	00	(1,518,031)		-	-	-		29,322,624
NIRVANANA		2,166,063		-	(2,676,752)		-	2,572,495	-		2,061,806
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.		8,522,439	4,356,33	34	(530,237)		1,119,385	(148)	-		13,467,773
Anycast technology Private Limited		7,835,729		-	(298,040)		56,854	(743)	-		7,593,800
Funnystorm		7,812,884		-	(295,662)		-	-	-		7,517,222
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited		38,145,451		-	(2,042,877)		182,298	-	-		36,284,872
Playgig, Inc.		25,786,487		-	(1,209,798)		543,933	(2,073)	-		25,118,549

					ı	Deceml	ber 31, 2024				
(in thousands of Korean won)	В	eginning	Acquisition	ass	are of profit (loss) of sociates and nt ventures	compincor	re of other prehensive ne (loss) of ciates and t ventures	Dis	posals	Impairment loss	Ending
Gardens Interactive, Inc.	₩	15,482,022	₩ -	₩	(963,087)	₩	801,167	₩	21,386	₩ -	₩ 15,341,488
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.		22,094,988	-		(470,831)		-		-	-	21,624,157
Kona Venture Fund V		2,414,769	-		(147,981)		-		-	-	2,266,788
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX		4,133,932	1,400,000		(214,533)		-		-	-	5,319,399
Studio Sai, Co.		7,889,928	-		(261,517)		163,716		-	-	7,792,127
Boundary Inc.		4,935,773	3,000,024		(493,031)		-		(2,188,019)	-	5,254,747
OVERDARE, Inc.		17,009,646	-		(12,668,352)		3,312,391		-	-	7,653,685
IMM India Fund		1,029,967	1,041,278		(170,719)		-		(1,382)	-	1,899,144
Red Rover Interactive Limited		-	12,046,480		(694,989)		308,328		-	-	11,659,819
Eschatology Entertainment Ltd		-	8,870,362		(14,116)		213,375		-	-	9,069,621
Ruckus Games Holdings, Inc.		-	11,020,800		(39,677)		294,631		157,208	-	11,432,962
E.F. Games, S.L.		-	2,382,560		(57,634)		65,559		-	-	2,390,485
Piccolo Studio, S.L.		-	1,628,682		(201,312)		(5,202)		-	-	1,422,168
Republic Games Ltd		-	3,453,698		-		-		-	-	3,453,698
Jeux Wolf Haus Inc.		-	2,003,850		-		-		-	-	2,003,850
Spoonlabs		-	110,007,269		(824,354)		15,662		(244,597)	-	108,953,980
Day 4 Night Studios Inc.		-	4,661,300		-		-		-	-	4,661,300
TBT-IBX NEXT UNICORN FUND Ⅲ		-	11,000,000		(21,230)		-		-	-	10,978,770
Voracious Games Inc.		-	4,553,898		-		-		-	-	4,553,898
Antistatic Studios Inc.		<u>-</u>	4,668,619				<u>-</u>		-		4,668,619
	₩	571,251,701	₩ 208,095,154	₩	(47,878,095)	₩	10,096,281	₩	572,230	₩ (20,125,947)	₩ 722,011,324

#### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures, (cont'd)

				December	31, 2023			
(in thousands of Korean won)	Beginning	Acquisition	Dividend	Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures	Disposals	Impairment loss	Ending
Shinhan Alpha REIT Co., Ltd.	₩ 4,744,221 ₩	-	₩ (190,000)	₩ 115,520	₩ -	₩ (4,669,741)	₩ -	₩ -
1Up Ventures, L.P.	13,829,378	-	-	(487,928)	(1,263,216)	-	-	12,078,234
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.	1,679,133	-	-	(69,190)	-	-	(1,609,943)	-
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund	9,420,223	120,000	-	(236,085)	(35,001)	-	-	9,269,137
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited	26,384,123	9,139,494	-	(88,271)	(515,516)	-	-	34,919,830
Un Note Co., Ltd.	616,163	-	_	(255,497)	-	(360,666)	-	-
Loco Interactive Pte Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited	45,150,044	-	-	(2,411,318)	79,671	(17,481)	-	42,800,916
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66	270,393,580	-	-	(5,636,875)	-	-	-	264,756,705
Tamatem Inc.	7,735,343	_	_	(488,254)	(64,953)	_	_	7,182,136
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd	2,867,156	_	_	(401,502)	(16,659)	_	_	2,448,995
Seoulauction X Co., Ltd	5,251,070	_	_	(375,923)	(1,586)	_	_	4,873,561
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited	6,524,769	-	-	(428,394)	14,038	-	-	6,110,413
Mebigo Labs Private Limited	11,650,557	-	-	(1,504,755)	(812)	2,566,051	-	12,711,041
Smart KNB Booster Fund	10,262,298	-	-	(1,421,643)	-	-	-	8,840,655
NIRVANANA	4,564,479	-	-	(2,398,416)	-	-	-	2,166,063
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.	4,224,333	4,535,333	-	(329,062)	76,450	15,385	-	8,522,439
Anycast technology Private Limited	-	7,899,121	-	(162,246)	(19,145)	117,999	-	7,835,729
Funnystorm	-	8,000,900	-	(188,016)	-	-	-	7,812,884
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited	-	39,176,463	-	(937,219)	(93,793)	-	-	38,145,451

		December 31, 2023										
(in thousands of Korean					hare of profit (loss) of associates and joint	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and			Impairment			
won)	Beginning	Acquisition	Dividend		ventures	joint ventures		Disposals	loss		Ending	
Playgig, Inc.	₩ - ₩	∀ 26,349,994	₩ -	₩	(1,619,423)	₩ 854,849	₩	201,067	₩ -	₩	25,786,487	
Gardens Interactive, Inc.	-	15,907,211	-		(383,966)	(138,745)		97,522	-		15,482,022	
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.	-	22,317,325	-		126,572	(348,909)		-	-		22,094,988	
Kona Venture Fund V	-	2,450,000	-		(35,231)	-		-	-		2,414,769	
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX	-	4,200,000	-		(66,068)	-		-	-		4,133,932	
Studio Sai, Co.	-	7,903,813	-		63,200	(77,085)		-	-		7,889,928	
Boundary Inc.	-	5,000,000	-		(64,227)	-		-	-		4,935,773	
OVERDARE, Inc.	-	40,302,819	-		(22,870,314)	(422,859)		-	-		17,009,646	
IMM India Fund	<u> </u>	1,029,967	-		-	-		-			1,029,967	
	₩ 425,296,870 ₩	<del>∀</del> 194,332,440	₩ (190,000)	₩	(42,554,531)	₩ (1,973,271)	₩	(2,049,864)	₩ (1,609,943)	₩	571,251,701	

### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures, (cont'd)

The summarized financial information of the associates and joint ventures as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024								
(in thousands of Korean won)	Current Assets	Non-current Assets	Current Liabilities	Non-current Liabilities	Revenue	Profit (loss) from Continuing Operation	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Comprehensive Income	
1Up Ventures, L.P.	₩ 3,754,220	₩ 34,724,293	₩ 23,666	₩ -	₩ -	₩ (2,234,810)	₩ 3,252,162	<b>∀</b> 1,017,352	
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.	4,204,490	61,279	9,505,179	8,328,096	976,164	(909,899)	-	(909,899)	
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund	43,323	17,415,485	371,049	-	1,678	(379,778)	485,325	105,547	
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited	43,737,720	64,002,496	33,374,041	18,524,460	56,866,136	(3,493,905)	5,728,468	2,234,563	
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited	3,682,618	10,932,716	3,608,010	4,421,841	10,954,765	(4,067,451)	920,882	(3,146,569)	
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66	1,251,300,347	270,236,957	930,794,913	-	428,779	(5,551,663)	-	(5,551,663)	
Tamatem Inc.	15,540,974	5,657,383	1,640,030	465,606	13,839,241	4,100,356	2,269,981	6,370,337	
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd	9,732,542	2,296,769	1,788,191	345,343	25,607,314	(2,866,579)	12,569	(2,854,010)	
Seoulauction X Co., Ltd	1,178,856	534,368	2,386,615	53,201	309,143	(692,581)	-	(692,581)	
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited	8,524,747	779,028	784,477	231,031	2,897,384	(336,873)	780,878	444,005	
Mebigo Labs Private Limited	44,039,446	1,615,092	11,250,911	236,772	7,116,539	(4,752,374)	(6,305,473)	(11,057,847)	
Smart KNB Booster Fund	9,985,270	29,252,090	584,811	-	309,834	(2,023,880)	-	(2,023,880)	
NIRVANANA	5,201,560	887,993	12,833,671	1,077,053	-	(8,034,583)	-	(8,034,583)	
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.	13,592,625	17,690,187	15,592	-	-	(1,200,851)	2,525,074	1,324,223	
Anycast technology Private Limited	3,837,365	2,581,981	1,583,089	270,218	3,694,738	(3,250,923)	604,513	(2,646,410)	
Funnystorm	6,606,964	111,214	32,270	60	-	(1,219,502)	-	(1,219,502)	
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited	3,066,519	8,925,878	8,113,035	-	6,436,813	(6,608,907)	786,102	(5,822,805)	
Playgig, Inc.	24,249,996	265,085	491,930	-	-	(7,476,621)	3,361,506	(4,115,115)	
Gardens Interactive, Inc.	34,232,200	21,208,170	74,831	735,000	-	(7,881,720)	7,019,131	(862,589)	
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.	7,298,070	15,911,364	4,283,513	1,225,922	796,122	(1,706,902)	-	(1,706,902)	
Kona Venture Fund V	4,667,851	-	41,753	-	59,599	(308,199)	-	(308,199)	

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	December 31, 2024							
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current		Profit (loss) from Continuing	Other Comprehensive	Total Comprehensive
(in thousands of Korean won)	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities	Revenue	Operation	Income	Income
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX	₩ 2,297,225	₩ 9,294,752	₩ 193,263	₩ -	₩ 43,355	(458,063)	₩ -	₩ (458,063)
Studio Sai, Co.	9,497,127	-	795,938	-	946,929	(818,247)	1,154,331	336,084
Boundary Inc.	2,655,675	2,718,433	74,149	-	-	(2,468,774)	-	(2,468,774)
OVERDARE, Inc.	12,153,657	34,408,191	7,974,431	5,126,250	-	(17,268,883)	2,345,142	(14,923,741)
IMM India Fund	4,273,504	-	2	-	98,866	(358,892)	-	(358,892)
Red Rover Interactive Limited	22,860,634	127,219	1,867,209	1,201	-	(5,089,508)	1,782,007	(3,307,500)
Eschatology Entertainment Ltd	10,111,251	10,414,458	101,696	-		(856,728)	1,098,233	241,505
Ruckus Games Holdings, Inc.	26,812,070	8,152,482	29,466	-		209,225	1,914,404	2,123,629
E.F. Games, S.L.	2,284,676	7,340,430	72,326	-	-	(222,977)	262,308	39,331
Piccolo Studio, S.L.	4,583,335	221,834	161,384	4,487,046	288,647	(1,753,664)	(10,019)	(1,763,683)
Republic Games Ltd	2,946,469	5,024	24,912	-	307	(360,109)	-	(360,109)
Jeux Wolf Haus Inc.	3,605,658	19,706	-	23,465		(341,562)	-	(341,562)
Spoonlabs	106,834,597	25,198,587	44,403,089	2,510,695	56,325,563	5,648,736	15,662	5,664,398
Day 4 Night Studios Inc.	5,220,739	4,531	9,960	-		(617,778)	553,694	(64,083)
TBT-IBX NEXT UNICORN FUND Ⅲ	2,305,735	19,069,202	6,258	-	6,545	(41,321)	-	(41,321)
Voracious Games Inc.	5,183,296	-	-	-	61,360	(398,690)	(30,990)	(429,679)
Antistatic Studios Inc.	6,755,557	13,372	4,581	1,102,500	-	(199,426)	(21,928)	(221,354)

#### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures, (cont'd)

	December 31, 2023								
(in thousands of Korean won)	Current Assets	Non-current Assets	Current Liabilities	Non-current Liabilities	Revenue	Profit (loss) from Continuing Operation	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Comprehensive Income	
1Up Ventures, L.P.	₩ 4,037,902	₩ 32,008,456	₩ 22,452	₩ -	₩ -	₩ (1,455,197)	₩ 4,065,193 \	₹ 2,609,996	
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.	11,133,046	2,179,968	10,514,801	8,328,096	786,151	(749,306)	-	(749,306)	
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund	162,670	16,930,159	99,411	-	6,324	(432,823)	(64,168)	(496,991)	
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited	66,720,680	20,737,915	28,986,085	2,203,790	64,749,734	(1,334,562)	(3,510,945)	(4,845,507)	
Loco Interactive Pte Limited	10,661,173	93,757	2,587,087	12,502,427	364,550	(19,507,076)	3,666,741	(15,840,335)	
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited	4,374,800	12,011,830	3,820,512	3,431,700	8,898,031	(10,113,470)	423,269	(9,690,201)	
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66	12,389,239	1,336,694,396	732,839,581	-	956,207	(13,120,314)	-	(13,120,314)	
Tamatem Inc.	12,480,223	4,697,291	1,175,710	703,865	16,269,161	(5,283,071)	(477,188)	(5,760,259)	
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd	12,324,625	2,318,733	1,512,725	343,940	15,699,484	(6,072,124)	(318,110)	(6,390,234)	
Seoulauction X Co., Ltd	1,492,181	1,054,867	2,552,859	20,211	1,039,816	(2,656,797)	(15,468)	(2,672,265)	
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited	7,466,814	416,615	714,982	312,804	4,660,328	(2,226,355)	43,987	(2,182,368)	
Mebigo Labs Private Limited	47,415,795	1,196,921	6,078,433	127,375	14,635,973	(12,980,684)	(204,845)	(13,185,529)	
Smart KNB Booster Fund	10,236,713	1,998,486	581,608	-	451,104	(1,879,346)	-	(1,879,346)	
NIRVANANA	5,930,278	1,027,781	13,076,654	200,000	-	(7,196,106)	-	(7,196,106)	
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.	9,541,677	9,069,825	11,441	-	-	(520,468)	147,380	(373,088)	
Anycast technology Private Limited	7,807,304	690,556	1,201,994	163,696	1,950,040	(1,579,621)	(217,324)	(1,796,945)	
Funnystorm	7,872,879	78,521	45,991	60	-	(1,234,718)	-	(1,234,718)	
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited	3,769,448	14,005,553	4,742,496	1,679,167	2,772,746	(5,361,987)	(428,640)	(5,790,627)	
Playgig, Inc.	27,970,667	234,373	49,078	-	-	(6,025,121)	5,272,172	(752,949)	
Gardens Interactive, Inc.	35,865,916	19,639,893	39,095	-	-	(5,908,773)	(1,074,468)	(6,983,241)	
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.	21,939,891	2,783,531	4,410,913	827,551	884,061	868,888	(1,930)	866,958	
Kona Venture Fund V	4,935,396	-	7,296	-	49,350	(71,900)	-	(71,900)	
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX	2,893,928	6,079,294	114,796	-	18,784	(141,573)	-	(141,573)	

Dec	em	her	31	2023	

		Current	ı	Non-current		Current		Ion-current			P	Со	(loss) from	Co	•	Total Comprehensive
(in thousands of Korean won)		Assets		Assets		Liabilities		Liabilities		Revenue		Op	peration		Income	Income
Studio Sai, Co.	₩	9,268,812	₩	-	₩	₹ 78,620	₩	-	₩	∜ 1,059,18	7	₩	316,000	₩	(384,388) ₩	(68,388)
Boundary Inc.		4,008,509		806,318		49,736		-			-		(334,910)		-	(334,910)
OVERDARE, Inc.		19,120,094		30,438,594		1,126,811		2,646,410			-		(977,591)		58,548	(919,043)
IMM India Fund		2,292,394		_		-		-		57	0		(47,606)		-	(47,606)

#### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures, (cont'd)

The reconciliation of the summarized financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate and joint ventures as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024													
(in thousands of Korean won)	Net assets attributable to ordinary shares		Percentage of ownership	Equity accounted interest		Investment difference	Internal transactions		Book amount					
1Up Ventures, L.P.	₩	38,454,847	33.53%	₩	12,893,910	₩ (581)	₩	- ∀	<b>√</b> 12,893,329					
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.		(13,784,159)	13.57%		(1,870,421)	2,351,494		-	-					
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund		17,087,758	54.55%		9,320,595	-		-	9,320,595					
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited		55,242,840	15.50%		8,562,640	26,415,782		-	34,978,422					
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited		2,957,227	18.48%		546,496	22,053,122		-	22,599,618					
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66		570,792,391	42.96%		245,229,324	-		-	245,229,324					
Tamatem Inc.		19,092,722	13.61%		2,598,820	5,099,846		-	7,698,666					
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd		8,425,501	5.33%		449,352	1,816,785		-	2,266,137					
Seoulauction X Co., Ltd		(773,797)	10.26%		(79,361)	4,883,764		-	4,804,403					
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited		7,139,625	31.91%		2,278,604	4,345,520		-	6,624,123					
Mebigo Labs Private Limited		34,166,855	10.70%		3,655,853	8,173,502		-	11,829,356					
Smart KNB Booster Fund		38,652,549	75.86%		29,322,624	-		-	29,322,624					
NIRVANANA		(7,821,171)	28.26%		(2,210,245)	4,272,051		-	2,061,806					
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.		31,267,220	44.05%		13,774,106	(306,333)		-	13,467,773					
Anycast technology Private Limited		4,566,040	9.40%		429,208	7,164,592		-	7,593,800					
Funnystorm		6,685,848	24.24%		1,620,950	5,896,272		-	7,517,222					

	December 31, 2024													
(in thousands of Korean won)	Net assets attributable to ordinary shares	Percentage of ownership	Equity accounted interest	Investment difference	Internal transactions	Book amount								
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited	₩ 1,799,022	23.19%	₩ 417,196	₩ 35,867,676	₩ -	₩ 36,284,872								
Playgig, Inc.	24,023,151	16.18%	3,887,696	21,230,853	-	25,118,549								
Gardens Interactive, Inc.	54,630,538	11.50%	6,282,511	9,058,977	-	15,341,488								
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.	17,350,516	27.47%	4,765,578	16,858,580	-	21,624,157								
Kona Venture Fund V	4,626,097	49.00%	2,266,788	-	-	2,266,788								
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX	11,398,714	46.67%	5,319,399	-	-	5,319,399								
Studio Sai, Co.	8,701,188	20.00%	1,740,237	6,051,890	-	7,792,127								
Boundary Inc.	5,299,960	24.00%	1,271,992	3,982,755	-	5,254,747								
OVERDARE, Inc.	32,987,669	85.00%	28,039,519	-	(20,385,834)	7,653,685								
IMM India Fund	4,273,502	44.44%	1,899,144	-	-	1,899,144								
Red Rover Interactive Limited	21,119,444	17.03%	3,596,641	8,063,177	-	11,659,819								
Eschatology Entertainment Ltd	20,424,012	19.03%	3,886,691	5,182,931	-	9,069,621								
Ruckus Games Holdings, Inc.	34,935,086	15.84%	5,533,718	5,899,244	-	11,432,962								
E.F. Games, S.L.	9,552,780	25.00%	2,388,194	2,291	-	2,390,485								
Piccolo Studio, S.L.	156,740	25.00%	39,186	1,382,982	-	1,422,168								
Republic Games Ltd	2,926,582	22.22%	650,287	2,803,412	-	3,453,698								
Jeux Wolf Haus Inc.	3,601,899	16.57%	596,835	1,407,015	-	2,003,850								
Spoonlabs	83,187,683	34.20%	28,446,243	80,507,737	-	108,953,980								
Day 4 Night Studios Inc.	5,215,309	27.78%	1,448,697	3,212,603	-	4,661,300								
TBT-IBX NEXT UNICORN FUND Ⅲ	21,368,679	51.38%	10,978,770	-	-	10,978,770								
Voracious Games Inc.	5,183,296	18.25%	945,945	3,607,953	-	4,553,898								
Antistatic Studios Inc.	5,661,848	29.62%	1,677,039	2,991,580	-	4,668,619								

#### 12. Investments in Associates and Joint ventures, (cont'd)

Decen	hor	31	2023

	December 31, 2023												
(in thousands of Korean won)		attributable to ry shares	Percentage of ownership	Equi	ity accounted interest	Investment difference	Internal transactions		Book amount				
1Up Ventures, L.P.	₩	36,023,906	33.53%	₩	12,078,815	₩ (581)	₩	- ₩	t 12,078,234				
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.		(5,746,536)	13.57%		(779,768)	2,351,494		-	-				
Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund		16,993,418	54.55%		9,269,137	-		-	9,269,137				
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited		54,373,707	15.64%		8,504,047	26,415,782		-	34,919,829				
Loco Interactive Pte Limited		(6,002,762)	11.41%		(684,924)	2,743,205		-	-				
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited		3,411,121	18.23%		621,848	42,179,069		-	42,800,917				
Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate Investment Trust 66		616,244,054	42.96%		264,756,705	-		-	264,756,705				
Tamatem Inc.		15,297,938	13.61%		2,082,289	5,099,846		-	7,182,135				
Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd		11,854,133	5.33%		632,210	1,816,785		-	2,448,995				
X By Blue Co., Ltd.		(99,478)	10.26%		(10,203)	4,883,764		-	4,873,561				
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited		5,529,998	31.91%		1,764,893	4,345,520		-	6,110,413				
Mebigo Labs Private Limited		42,406,908	10.70%		4,537,540	8,173,502		-	12,711,042				
Smart KNB Booster Fund		11,653,591	75.86%		8,840,655	-		-	8,840,655				
NIRVANANA		(6,318,595)	33.33%		(2,105,988)	4,272,051		-	2,166,063				
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.		18,600,062	44.54%		8,285,104	237,334		-	8,522,438				
Anycast technology Private Limited		7,132,170	9.41%		671,137	7,164,592		-	7,835,729				
Funnystorm		7,905,350	24.24%		1,916,612	5,896,272		-	7,812,884				
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited		9,822,175	23.19%		2,277,775	35,867,676		-	38,145,451				

				Dec	ember 31, 2023	3				
(in thousands of Korean won)		ttributable to y shares	Percentage of ownership	•	ty accounted interest		nvestment lifference	Internal transactions		Book amount
Playgig, Inc.	₩	28,155,961	16.18%	₩	4,555,634	₩	21,230,853	₩	- ₩	25,786,487
Gardens Interactive, Inc.		55,466,714	11.58%		6,423,046		9,058,977		-	15,482,023
Fast Track Asia Co., Ltd.		19,064,715	27.47%		5,236,408		16,858,580		-	22,094,988
Kona Venture Fund V		4,928,100	49.00%		2,414,769		-		-	2,414,769
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX		8,858,427	46.67%		4,133,932		-		-	4,133,932
Studio Sai, Co.		9,190,192	20.00%		1,838,038		6,051,890		-	7,889,928
Boundary Inc.		4,765,090	20.00%		953,018		3,982,755		-	4,935,773
OVERDARE, Inc.		45,785,467	85.00%		38,917,646		-	(21,908,00	0)	17,009,646
IMM India Fund		2,292,394	44.44%		1,029,967		-		-	1,029,967

#### 13. Property and Equipment and Leases

Details of property and equipment as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024											
(in thousands of Korean won)		Land		Fixtures		Facilities	ı	Right-of-use assets		struction-in- progress		Total
Acquisition cost	₩	18,840,145	₩	83,089,270	₩	84,541,073	₩	363,993,651	₩	3,033,899	₩	553,498,038
Accumulated depreciation		-		(50,151,047)		(45,960,434)		(214,844,463)		-		(310,955,944)
Accumulated impairment loss		-		(218,948)		-		-		(2,410,615)		(2,629,563)
Government grants <sup>1</sup>		-		-		(164,000)		-		-		(164,000)
	₩	18,840,145	₩	32,719,275	₩	38,416,639	₩	149,149,188	₩	623,284	₩	239,748,531

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies related to the government grants as of December 31, 2024.

							Decer	nber 31, 2023						_
(in thousands of Korean won)		Land	E	Buildings		Fixtures		Facilities	F	Right-of-use assets		nstruction- -progress		Total
Acquisition cost	₩	18,840,145	₩	2,976,238	₩	70,471,033	₩	79,805,029	₩	317,531,472	₩	6,084,845	₩	495,708,762
Accumulated depreciation		-		(117,851)		(38,467,416)		(36,755,142)		(160,709,871)		-		(236,050,280)
Accumulated impairment loss		-		-		(26,423)		-		-		(2,344,920)		(2,371,343)
Government grants <sup>1</sup>		-		-		-		(258,000)		-		-		(258,000)
	₩	18,840,145	₩	2,858,387	₩	31,977,194	₩	42,791,887	₩	156,821,601	₩	3,739,925	₩	257,029,139

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies related to the government grants as of December 31, 2023.

#### 13. Property and Equipment and Leases, (cont'd)

Changes in property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

								December 31, 2	2024					
(in thousands of Korean won)		Land		Buildings		Fixtures		Facilities		Right-of-use assets		Construction-in- progress		Total
Beginning	₩	18,840,145	₩	2,858,387	₩	31,977,194	₩	42,791,887	₩	156,821,601	₩	3,739,925	₩	257,029,139
Acquisitions		-		-		10,862,933		1,901,926		48,064,653		8,579,698		69,409,210
Disposals		-		-		(831,830)		(3,037)		(3,165,137)		-		(4,000,004)
Depreciation		-		(74,432)		(13,739,748)		(13,099,860)		(56,176,653)		-		(83,090,693)
Transfers <sup>1</sup>		-		(2,783,955)		3,336,390		5,719,157		-		(11,674,180)		(5,402,588)
Impairment loss		-		-		(192,524)		-		-		(65,695)		(258,219)
Exchange rate differences		-		-		1,306,860		1,106,566		3,604,724		43,536		6,061,686
Ending	₩	18,840,145	₩	-	₩	32,719,275	₩	38,416,639	₩	149,149,188	₩	623,284	₩	239,748,531

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Long-term advance payments of ₩ 196,610 thousand was reclassified to fixtures and facilities, Construction-in-progress of ₩ 2,814,458 thousand was reclassified to Investment properties, Buildings of ₩ 2,783,955 thousand was reclassified to investment properties for the year ended December 31, 2024.

#### 13. Property and Equipment and Leases, (cont'd)

								December 31, 2	2023					
(in thousands of Korean won)		Land	E	Buildings		Fixtures		Facilities		Right-of-use assets		Construction-in- progress		Total
Beginning	₩	_	₩	-	₩	35,263,249	₩	33,163,995	₩	149,560,112	₩	5,386,218	₩	223,373,574
Acquisitions		11,529,547		-		8,349,556		10,498,934		57,089,192		4,014,201		91,481,430
Disposals		-		-		(1,088,687)		-		(30,883)		(7,204)		(1,126,774)
Depreciation		-		(74,432)		(13,338,775)		(12,681,406)		(50,318,538)		-		(76,413,151)
Transfers <sup>1</sup>		7,310,598		2,932,819		2,562,393		11,646,910		-		(3,350,312)		21,102,408
Impairment loss		-		-		-		-		-		(2,344,920)		(2,344,920)
Exchange rate differences		-		-		229,458		163,454		521,718		41,942		956,572
Ending	₩	18,840,145	₩	2,858,387	₩	31,977,194	₩	42,791,887	₩	156,821,601	₩	3,739,925	₩	257,029,139

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Long-term advance payments of ₩ 18,205,734 thousand was reclassified to land, fixtures and facilities, Investment properties of ₩ 2,932,819 thousand is reclassified to buildings for the year ended December 31, 2023.

### 13. Property and Equipment and Leases, (cont'd)

Lease related amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Right-of-use assets <sup>1</sup>				
Properties	₩	149,111,620	₩	156,726,092
Vehicles		37,569		95,509
	₩	149,149,189	₩	156,821,601
Lease receivables <sup>2</sup>				
Current	₩	11,859,035	₩	11,164,683
Non-current		18,411,149		24,086,343
	₩	30,270,184	₩	35,251,026
	₩	179,419,373	₩	192,072,627
Lease liabilities <sup>3</sup>				
Current	₩	71,319,148	₩	65,749,996
Non-current		119,635,526		131,011,524
	₩	190,954,674	₩	196,761,520

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Included in the 'property and equipment' of the consolidated statements of financial position.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Included in the 'other current financial assets' and 'other non-current financial assets' of the consolidated statements of financial position.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Included in the 'other current financial liabilities' and 'other non-current financial liabilities' of the consolidated statements of financial position.

### 13. Property and Equipment and Leases, (cont'd)

Lease related amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024		<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
Revenue from sublease (included in revenue)	₩	-	₩	10,243
Interest income relating to lease receivables (included in finance income)		1,480,255		1,865,543
Total Revenue	₩	1,480,255	₩	1,875,786
Depreciation of right-of-use assets				
Properties	₩	56,118,713	₩	50,260,598
Vehicles		57,940		57,940
Interest expense relating to lease liabilities (included in finance costs)		8,577,199		8,120,965
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in operating costs)		622,202		1,197,302
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets (included in operating costs)		221,863		249,311
Total Costs	₩	65,597,917	₩	59,886,116

The total cash outflow for leases for the year ended December 31, 2024 amounts to  $\mbox{$\forall$}$  72,632,174 thousand (2023:  $\mbox{$\forall$}$  66,423,545 thousand).

### 14. Intangible Assets

Details of intangible assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024						
	Ac	quisition cost	_	Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss		Book value	
Software	₩	31,263,634	₩	(27,127,245)	₩	4,136,389	
Industrial property rights		1,868,356		(1,472,741)		395,615	
Membership rights		1,373,669		(243,021)		1,130,648	
Goodwill		731,857,667		(344,730,677)		387,126,990	
Other intangible assets		481,498,105		(218,048,534)		263,449,571	
	₩	1,247,861,431	₩	(591,622,218)	₩	656,239,213	
(in thousands of Korean won)							
(in thousands of Korean won)			Dec	cember 31, 2023			
(in thousands of Korean won)	Ac	quisition cost	-	cember 31, 2023 Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss		Book value	
Software	Ac ₩	30,198,200	am	Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss	₩	5,682,623	
Software Industrial property rights		30,198,200 1,748,476	am	Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss (24,515,577) (1,210,311)	₩	5,682,623 538,165	
Software Industrial property rights Membership rights		30,198,200 1,748,476 1,373,669	am	Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss (24,515,577) (1,210,311) (173,586)	₩	5,682,623 538,165 1,200,083	
Software Industrial property rights Membership rights Goodwill		30,198,200 1,748,476 1,373,669 693,169,895	am	Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss (24,515,577) (1,210,311) (173,586) (340,934,911)	₩	5,682,623 538,165 1,200,083 352,234,984	
Software Industrial property rights Membership rights		30,198,200 1,748,476 1,373,669	am∂	Accumulated ortization/impai rment loss (24,515,577) (1,210,311) (173,586)	₩	5,682,623 538,165 1,200,083	

#### 14. Intangible Assets, (cont'd)

Changes in intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024									
(in thousands of Korean won)	S	Industrial property Membership Software rights rights		•	Other intangible Goodwill assets			Total		
Beginning	₩	5,682,623	₩	538,165	₩	1,200,083	₩ 352,234,984	₩ 248,126,009	₩	607,781,864
Acquisitions		1,071,124		1,282		-	-	5,510,941		6,583,347
Disposals		(41,898)		(2)		-	-	(121,047)		(162,947)
Amortization		(2,651,177)		(265,408)		(69,435)	-	(18,597,776)		(21,583,796)
Impairment loss		-		-		-	(8,454,581)	(2,608,724)		(11,063,305)
Transfers <sup>1</sup>		-		121,578		-	-	322,242		443,820
Exchange rate differences		75,717		-		-	43,346,587	30,817,926		74,240,230
Ending	₩	4,136,389	₩	395,615	₩	1,130,648	₩ 387,126,990	₩ 263,449,571	₩	656,239,213

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Long-term advance payments of ₩ 443,820 thousand was reclassified to industrial property rights and other intangible assets during the year ended December 31, 2024.

	December 31, 2023								
(in thousands of Korean won)	Software	Industrial property rights	Membership rights	Other intangible Goodwill assets	Total				
Beginning	₩ 7,430,402	₩ 677,569	1,269,517	₩ 530,404,992 ₩ 327,955,000	₩ 867,737,480				
Acquisitions	837,796	5,545	-	- 346,670	1,190,011				
Disposals	(7,558)	(6	-	- (28,075)	(35,639)				
Amortization	(2,723,789)	(274,100	(69,434)	- (27,729,268)	(30,796,591)				
Impairment loss	-		-	(190,090,700) (60,097,616)	(250,188,316)				
Transfers <sup>1</sup>	123,658	129,157	-	- 259,933	512,748				
Exchange rate differences	22,114		<u> </u>	11,920,692 7,419,365	19,362,171				
Ending	₩ 5,682,623	₩ 538,165	5 ₩ 1,200,083	₩ 352,234,984 ₩ 248,126,009	₩ 607,781,864				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Construction-in-progress of ₩ 10,707 thousand was reclassified to software and long-term advance payments of ₩ 501,991 thousand was reclassified to industrial property rights and other intangible assets during the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### 14. Intangible Assets, (cont'd)

Impairment Tests for Goodwill

The Group has performed impairment test on Cash-Generating Units ("CGUs") including goodwill at the end of the year. The recoverable amount of the investments in subsidiaries was based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations were based on estimated cash flows derived from the 5-year business plan approved by management. The key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculation for the major CGUs as of December 31, 2024 are as follows.

### **Key assumptions**

	Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.	Others
Average operating profit rate for estimated period <sup>1</sup>	45.03%	3.21%~36.03%
Average annual revenue growth rate for estimated period <sup>1</sup>	21.41%	34.54%~105.55%
Terminal growth rate <sup>2</sup>	1.00%	1.00%
Discount rate <sup>3</sup>	6.84%	9.60%~13.95%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The average revenue growth rate and average operating profit rate, used for determining the projected cash flows for the next 5 years, were calculated based on the expected levels of future revenue and operating profit.

As a result of performing impairment assessments on CGUs for the year ended December 31, 2024 other CGUs impairment losses of  $\mbox{$W$}$  8,454,582 thousand were recognized, as the carrying amount exceeded the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of the CGUs of the Group varies based on the key assumptions used in the CGUs impairment test. The effects of the changes in the assumptions in profit or loss are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)		Change in discount rate					
	1%	%p Increase	1%	Decrease			
Excess portion of goodwill's recoverable amount							
Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc.	₩	(72,877,680)	₩	-			
Others		(1,568,993)		1,861,519			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The long-term growth rate is the weighted average growth rate used to estimate cash flows beyond the forecast period and does not exceed the anticipated growth rate from industry reports.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The discount rates used are reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

#### 14. Intangible Assets, (cont'd)

Acquisition of Virtual Assets from a Third Party

The consolidated entity acquires and holds various types of virtual assets from third parties for purposes such as securing trading gains. Virtual assets are recognized as intangible assets in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards (K-IFRS) No. 1038, and the acquisition cost paid is recognized as the initial book value. An impairment test is performed annually or whenever there are indicators of impairment, and the book value is recognized after deducting the accumulated impairment loss. In cases where there are impairment indicators, the difference between the recoverable amount and the book value is recognized as an impairment loss.

To determine the fair value of virtual assets, the consolidated entity uses the average market price of the respective virtual assets, as provided by platforms such as CoinMarketCap. CoinMarketCap, among other sources, provides the average market price calculated based on price and trading volume information from various exchanges. Additionally, as there is no closing time for virtual asset exchanges, the consolidated entity uses the closing price based on UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) as provided by platforms such as CoinMarketCap. Although the fair value of the virtual assets held by the consolidated entity at the end of the period has significantly fluctuated after the periodend, it is not possible to predict the impact of such fluctuations on the financial statements as of the audit report date. Due to this uncertainty, no adjustments have been reflected in the financial statements regarding potential changes arising from these fluctuations.

The acquisition and holding status of virtual assets by the consolidated entity is as follows:

(in Korean won,	Listing Status <sup>1</sup>		Quanti	ty		Fair Value (per Unit) <sup>2</sup>				
number of unit)		Beginning	Acquisition	Disposal <sup>3</sup>	Ending	Beginning	Ending			
KAIA	Listed	1,664,196	-	-	1,664,196	₩ 302	₩ 290			
DICE	Listed	7,333,340	-	-	7,333,340	20	9			
GRND	Listed	791,668	2,375,004	(968,639)	2,198,033	202	95			
KING	Listed	43,103	57,471	-	100,574	42	173			
MUDOL <sup>2</sup>	Listed	275,240	280,316	-	555,556	19	6			
USDT	Listed	40,652	100,205	(50,000)	90,857	1,289	1,470			
BORA	Listed	115,933	<u>-</u>		115,933	210	192			
		10,264,132	2,812,996	(1,018,639)	12,058,489					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Including listings on domestic and international exchanges, the exchanges handling each virtual asset may differ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The market prices at the end of the previous period and the end of the current period (based on 9:00 AM) as quoted by platforms such as CoinMarketCap have been applied to calculate the values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The quantities reduced due to transfers to other accounts, etc., are included.

### 14. Intangible Assets, (cont'd)

Details of virtual assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)				December 31, 2024							December 31, 2023							
Virt ual Ass ets	Valu ation Meth od Cost	Acquis ition Method Paid	Ac	quisition Cost	Revalu Accum Amo	ulated		ccumulated mpairment Loss		Book Value	A	cquisition Cost	Revalu Accum Amo	ulated	lm	umulated pairment Loss	В	ook Value
KAIA	Mod el Cost	Acquisit ion Paid	₩	73,391	₩	-	₩	-	₩	73,391	₩	64,374	₩	-	₩	-	₩	64,374
DICE	Mod el Cost	Acquisit ion Paid		249,550		-		(181,323)		68,227		218,891		-		-		218,891
GRND	Mod el	Acquisit ion		129,244		-		-		129,244		40,831		-		-		40,831
KING	Cost Model	Paid Acquisition		53,519		-		(36,103)		17,416		20,119		-		-		20,119
MUDO L2	Cost Model	Paid Acquisition		146,794		-		(143,613)		3,181		63,792		-		-		63,792
USDT	Cost Model	Paid Acquisition		133,560		-		-		133,560		52,416		-		-		52,416
BORA	Cost Model	Paid Acquisition		26,240		-		(10,705)		15,535		26,240		-		(10,705)		15,535
			₩	812,298	₩	-	₩	(371,744)	₩	440,554	₩	486,663	₩	-	₩	(10,705)	₩	475,958

The impairment loss and gain or loss on the disposal of virtual assets are classified as non-operating income and expenses. The amount recognized as impairment loss on intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounts to \(\forall \) 335,000 thousand.

Details of the disposal status of virtual assets as of December 31, 2024, and 2023 are as follows:

		December 31	l, 2024		December 31, 2023					
(in thousands of	•			Disposal				Disposal		
Korean won, number of virtual assets)	Quantity	Disposal Price	Book Value	Gain or Loss	Quantity	Disposal Price	Book Value	Gain or Loss		
GRND	968,639 ₩	136,678 ₩	52,848 ₩	83,830	250,000 ₩	53,067 ₩	/ 13,054 ₩	40,013		

The amount recognized as profit or loss on disposal of intangible assets in 2024 and 2023 is ₩ 83,830 thousand and ₩ 40,013 thousand.

### 15. Investment Properties

Details of investment properties as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024								
	A	cquisition Cost		cumulated epreciation	В	ook value			
Land	₩	486,326,320	₩	-	₩	486,326,320			
Buildings		75,106,373		(4,043,949)		71,062,424			
	₩	561,432,693	₩	(4,043,949)	₩	557,388,744			
(in thousands of Korean won)			Dece	mber 31, 2023					
	Α	cquisition Cost		cumulated epreciation	В	ook value			
Land	₩	476,977,673	₩	-	₩	476,977,673			
Buildings		69,655,951		(2,150,591)		67,505,360			

546,633,624

₩

(2,150,591)

₩

544,483,033

Changes in investment properties for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

₩

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024					
		Land		Buildings		Total
Beginning	₩	476,977,673	₩	67,505,360	₩	544,483,033
Acquisitions		7,676,902		3,726,972		11,403,874
Disposals		-		(2,330,623)		(2,330,623)
Depreciation		-		(1,765,953)		(1,765,953)
Transfers <sup>1</sup>		1,671,745		3,926,668		5,598,413
Ending	₩	486,326,320	₩	71,062,424	₩	557,388,744

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Construction-in-progress of ₩ 2,814,458 thousand was reclassified to Investment properties, Buildings of ₩ 2,783,955 thousand was reclassified to Investment properties during the year ended December 31, 2024.

### 15. Investment Properties, (cont'd)

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2023						
		Land	Buildings		Total		
Beginning	₩	173,699,223	₩ 28,474,037	₩	202,173,260		
Acquisitions		303,278,450	42,770,359		346,048,809		
Depreciation		-	(806,217)		(806,217)		
Transfers <sup>1</sup>			(2,932,819)		(2,932,819)		
Ending	₩	476,977,673	₩ 67,505,360	₩	544,483,033		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Investment properties of ₩ 2,932,819 thousand was reclassified to buildings during the year ended December 31, 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, rental income earned from operating leases of investment property is  $\forall$  4,227 million(December 31, 2023:  $\forall$  203 million), and direct operating expenses from investment property that generated rental income is  $\forall$  66 million(December 31, 2023:  $\forall$  555 million). Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) from investment property that did not generate rental income are  $\forall$  30 million(December 31, 2023:  $\forall$  58 million).

Fair value of investment properties as at December 31, 2024, is  $\forall$  647,040 million (December 31, 2023:  $\forall$  599,711 million). The valuation of investment properties is performed by an independent valuer.

#### 16. Short-term Borrowings

Details of Short-term borrowings as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Creditor	Interest rate(%)	Due date	December 31, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
		4.60	2025-06-02	₩ 1,000,000	₩	1,000,000
		4.60 2025-07-06 1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000
	CEO of Rising Wings	4.60	2025-08-07	1,000,000		1,000,000
Working capital		4.60	2025-09-06	1,000,000		1,000,000
		4.60	2025-10-12	1,000,000		1,000,000
		4.60	2025-11-03	1,000,000		1,000,000
		4.60	2025-12-12	1,000,000		1,000,000
				₩ 7,000,000	₩	7,000,000

### 17. Net Defined Benefit Liabilities

Details of net defined benefit liabilities recognized in the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Decen	nber 31, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	₩	29,387,005	₩	19,313,839	
Fair value of plan assets		(2,759,183)		(2,232,848)	
Net defined benefit liabilities		26,627,822		17,080,991	

Changes in the defined benefit obligations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

Dec	ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
₩	19,313,839	₩	15,185,450	
	10,900,641		4,632,219	
	2,204,754		733,848	
	(1,972,803)		(1,885,312)	
	(3,470,098)		(254,179)	
	(1,744,065)		910,167	
	4,802,385		-	
	(656,742)		-	
	9,094		(8,354)	
₩	29,387,005	₩	19,313,839	
	₩	₩ 19,313,839 10,900,641 2,204,754 (1,972,803) (3,470,098) (1,744,065) 4,802,385 (656,742) 9,094	2024  ₩ 19,313,839 ₩ 10,900,641	

Changes in the Fair value of plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)		<b>December 31, 2024</b>		<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Beginning	₩	2,232,848	₩	1,308,577		
Interest income		104,255		79,832		
Retirement benefit payment		(164,659)		(207,293)		
User's contribution		599,070		1,067,776		
Remeasurements:						
Income from plan assets (excluding the amount included in interest income)		(12,331)		(16,044)		
Ending	₩	2,759,183	₩	2,232,848		
Remeasurements:  Income from plan assets (excluding the amount included in interest income)	₩	(12,331)	₩	(16,044		

### 17. Net Defined Benefit Liabilities, (cont'd)

The amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income related to defined benefit plan for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, I 2024		De	December 31, 2023	
Current service cost	₩	10,900,641	₩	4,632,219	
Net interest expense		2,100,499		654,016	
Past service cost and gains or losses on settlement		(656,742)		_	
	₩	12,344,398	₩	5,286,235	

The significant actuarial assumptions as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in percentage)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Discount rate	3.96% - 6.86%	4.06% - 7.11%
Future salary growth rate	3.00% - 10.00%	3.80% - 10.00%

Discount rate is measured by reference to corporate bond rated AA+. Mortality rate for defined benefit pension plan announced by Korea Insurance Development Institute is adopted, and the retirement rate is measured by reference to the historical record of retirement.

The sensitivity of the net defined benefit liabilities to changes in the principal assumptions is:

(in thousands of Korean won)	1%p increase		1%p decrease	
Changes in discount rate	₩	(2,792,208)	₩	3,264,384
Changes in salary growth rate		5,799,711		(4,854,820)

### 17. Net Defined Benefit Liabilities, (cont'd)

Details of remeasurements incurred related to defined benefit plan for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dec	ember 31, 2024	Dec	cember 31, 2023
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations	₩	411,778	₩	(655,988)
Remeasurement factors of plan assets		(12,331)		(16,044)
Income tax effect		(108,291)		197,060
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities, after tax	₩	291,156	₩	(474,972)

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 8.20 - 14.00 years. The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted pension benefits as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	L	ess than 1 year	_	Between -2 years	-	Between 2-5 years		Over 5 years		Total
Pension benefits	₩	1,229,363	₩	1,261,304	₩	4,334,508	₩ 3	37,284,778	₩ 4	14,109,953

The operating costs recognized in the current year in relation to the defined contribution plan amounted to  $\forall$  21,297,999 thousand (2023:  $\forall$  24,156,483 thousand).

The Group provides benefits to employees who have provided services for a long-term. The Group measures the long-term employee benefit liabilities using actuarial assumptions.

## 18. Provisions

Changes in provisions for restoration for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

		December 31, 2024			
(in thousands of Korean won)	Provision for restoration costs				
Beginning	₩	14,039,275			
Additions		261,458			
Reversal		(825,866)			
Exchange rate differences		4,912			
Ending	₩	13,479,779			

	December 31, 2023						
(in thousands of Korean won)	Pı rest	Other provisions					
Beginning	₩	13,834,890	₩	2,902,828			
Additions		212,681		1,976,578			
Used		-		(3,501,975)			
Reversal		-		(1,377,431)			
Exchange rate differences		(8,296)		-			
Ending	₩	14,039,275	₩	-			

### 19. Contingencies and Commitments

As of December 31, 2024, the Group is providing game services to end-users through contracts with the following major platform operators:

Game	Counterparty	Service region
PLAYERUNKNOWN'S	Valve Corporation Epic Games, Inc. Hangzhou Shunwang Technology	Worldwide
BATTLEGROUNDS (PC)	Co., Ltd.	China (except for Hong
,	Qingfeng(Beijing) Technology Co.,Ltd.	Kong, Macau and Taiwan)
Thunder Tier One (PC)	Valve Corporation	Worldwide
MOONBREAKER (PC)	Valve Corporation	Worldwide
The Callisto Protocol (PC)	Valve Corporation Epic Games, Inc.	Worldwide
The Callisto Protocol (Console)	•	Worldwido
,	Google	Korea, Japan, India
PLAYERUNKNOWN'S	Apple	·
BATTLEGROUNDS (Mobile)	Samsung Electronics	Korea
	UniPin (Labuan) Limited Google	India
NEW STATE (Mobile)	Apple	Worldwide
,	Samsung Electronics	
Road To Valor	Google Apple	Worldwide
: Empires (Mobile)	UniPin (Labuan) Limited	India
Defence Devby (Mehile)	Google	Worldwide
Defense Derby (Mobile)	Apple Samsung Electronics	wonawiae
Subnautica,	Valve Corporation	
Subnautica: Below Zero (PC)	Epic Games, Inc	Worldwide
,	•	

The Group collects considerations for game services from the end-users through the platform providers and pays a certain percentage of revenue generated from the end-users as a fee in exchange for using their platform.

### 19. Contingencies and Commitments, (cont'd)

Major publishing contracts of the Group as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Game	Counterparty	Service region
PLAYERUNKNOWN'S BATTLEGROUNDS (Console)	Microsoft Corporation Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC	Worldwide
PLAYERUNKNOWN'S BATTLEGROUNDS (PC)	Kakao Games Corp.	Korea
PLAYERUNKNOWN'S	Tencent Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited	China
BATTLEGROUNDS (Mobile)	Proxima Beta Pte. Limited	Worldwide
The Callisto Protocol (Console)	Microsoft Corporation Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC	Worldwide
	Microsoft Corporation	
Subnautica,	Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC	
Subnautica: Below Zero (Console)	Nintendo Co., Ltd. Bandai Namco Entertainment America INC.	Worldwide

Major other contracts of the Group as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Game	Counterparty	Service region
PLAYERUNKNOWN'S BATTLEGROUNDS	Guangzhou Huya Information Technology Ltd Wuhan Ouyue Online TV Co., Ltd	China

The Group has entered into a license agreement with Epic Games Commerce GmbH for the "Unreal Engine" required to drive the game, which the Group is obliged to pay a certain percentage of revenue.

As of December 31, 2024, there are six litigation cases filed against the Group(lawsuits related to India services, lawsuits related to delivery refusal, lawsuits related to gender discrimination, lawsuits related to account recovery, lawsuits related to the claim for delivery of collateral trust lease property, lawsuits related to account data) and five litigations(relating to copyright and others) filed by the Group. The Group's management believes that the ultimate results of these cases will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the results of the cases cannot be reliably estimated as of December 31, 2024.

#### 19. Contingencies and Commitments, (cont'd)

As of December 31, 2024, the Group has been provided guarantees up to orall 8,322 million from Seoul Guarantee Insurance Co., Ltd. In connection with the repayment of contributions for supporting the workplace nursery installation and up to USD 2,090 thousand from Citibank N.A and CAD 215 thousand from Royal Bank of Canada in connection with the office rent payment.

As of December 31, 2024, the payment guarantees and collateral provided by the Group are as follows.

(in USD)			Guaranteed	
Guarantor	Beneficiary of guarantee	Currency	amount	Description
Krafton, Inc.	Sunset Building Company, LLC	USD	2,280,000	
Krafton, Inc.	2121 Park Place Fee Owner CA, LLC	USD	294,538 <sup>l</sup>	Payment guarantee related to rent
Krafton, Inc.	25 WEST MAIN OFFICE LLC	USD	1,173,576	

As of December 31, 2024,  $\forall$ 7,366 million of financial instruments are provided as collateral related to leasehold deposits received from sublessee of Greits Pangyo, CAD 215 thousand of financial instruments are provided as collateral related to the office rent payment and  $\forall$ 450 million and CAD 100 thousand of financial instruments are provided as collateral related to corporate cards. Also,  $\forall$ 4,800 million of seller's financial instruments are provided to the Group for potential penalty claims from the successor lessee of the purchased real estate.

The Group has entered into an agreement to pay performance-based incentives in proportion to the sales performance to executives and employees, including key developers, who can contribute to the Group's long-term growth.

As of December 31, 2024, the Group has an obligation for additional capital contributions to Smart KNB Booster Fund and others according to agreements. The Group plans to make further contributions totaling  $\forall$ 109,290 million, USD 33,149 thousand, EUR 150 thousand, and INR 93,856 thousand through future capital calls.

On June 25, 2021, the Group entered into a shareholder agreement with existing shareholders in relation to the acquisition of redeemable convertible preferred stock and common stock of Thingsflow Inc. The main conditions of the contract are summarized as follows:

Type	Contents
Put option	Existing shareholders can request the purchase of all the remaining shares within 3 months from the expiration date of the sale if the IPO is not completed by the deadline for the sale, or if the existing shareholders are unable to sell 50% or more of the shares held to a third party.
Call option	During the exercise period of the put option, the Group's call option contract allows the sale of all shares held by the existing shareholders at an amount equivalent to 120% of the put option exercise price.
Others	- Existing shareholders cannot sell, transfer, set up as collateral, or other dispositions without prior written consent within the disposition restriction period.

Type Contents

- The Group retains the preferred right to purchase all or part of the shares held by the existing shareholders even after the existing shareholders have obtained prior signed consent or after the disposition restriction period has expired.

On November 23, 2022, the Group entered into a shareholder agreement with existing shareholders including employees holding stock options in relation to the acquisition of preferred stock and common stock of Neon Giant AB. The main terms and conditions of the contract are summarized as follows:

Туре	Contents
Drag Along Right	After 2 years after the date the contract is entered into, if the Company disposes its entire shares to a third-party purchaser, the Company shall have the right to require other shareholders to sell its shares to such third-party purchaser.
Tag Along Right	After 5 years after the date the contract is entered into, if a one or more than one shareholder desires to sell 60% of investee company shares, other shareholders shall have the right to participate in the sale of their shares at the same price.
Put and Call Options	Employees who have stock options have a put option that grants them to sell 50% of their shares after full vesting and exercise, at the per-share acquisition price of the original share purchase agreement. Also, the Company has a call option that grants it to purchase the shares of the employees who have the stock options under the same condition.
Put option	The First put option: Existing shareholders hold a put option that allows them to sell up to 50% of their shares at a value obtained by applying a specific multiple to the performance index for one year after the release of a specific game.  The second put option: Existing shareholders hold a put option that allows them to sell up to 100% of their remaining shares after exercising the first put option at a value obtained by applying a specific multiple to the maximum value of 12 months of performance indicators from 2023 to 2029.
Call option	After the second put option expires, the Company holds a call option that allows the Company to purchase existing shareholders' stocks at a value obtained by applying a specific multiple to the annual performance indicator.
Backup call option	If an existing shareholder voluntarily resigns or resigns for legitimate reasons, the above- mentioned put option will expire, and the Company holds a call option that allows the Company to purchase all remaining shares of the existing shareholders at a value obtained by applying a specific multiple to the performance indicators for the 12 months prior to the exercise of the backup call option.

The Group entered into a contract for contingent consideration to be paid in conjunction with the performance after the acquisition while acquiring a subsidiary 5minlab Corp. and Unknown Worlds Entertainment, Inc. The contingent consideration recognized is  $\forall$  27,800 million.

The Group has entered into an agreement with the associate, Mirae Asset Maps General Private Equity Investment Trust No.66, regarding the business facilities and living facilities to be developed by the associate on 333-16 Seongsu-dong 2-ga, Seongdong-gu, Seoul, and 4 lots of land. Under the agreement, the Group has entered into responsible lease agreement for 10 years from completion of construction, and have the pre-emptive purchase right at the appraised value at a specific time.

#### 19. Contingencies and Commitments, (cont'd)

Under the joint venture investment agreement with OVERDARE, Inc., the Group has the right, at its discretion, to acquire shares of the joint venture company owned by the joint participants at fair market value if deadlock arises on certain resolution matters requiring unanimous consent and agreement cannot be reached within the period of negotiation.

On August 30, 2024, the Group entered into a shareholders' agreement with certain shareholders in connection with the acquisition of redeemable convertible preferred stock, convertible preferred stock, and common stock of Spoonlabs. Under this agreement, certain shareholders of Spoonlabs, hold a put option, allowing them to request the sale of up to 50% of their shares at the qualified follow-on investment price or other agreed terms within six months starting from July 1, 2026.

#### 20. Equity

#### (a) Share capital

Details of share capital as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in Korean won and in shares)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Authorized number of shares Par value in Korean won Issued and outstanding number of shares	300,000,000 ₩ 100	300,000,000 ₩ 100
Ordinary shares	47,906,674	48,362,743

#### (b) Changes in share capital and capital surplus

Changes in share capital and capital surplus for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Share capital¹				
Balance at January 1, 2023	₩	4,908,155			
Share-based payment transactions		15,574			
Balance at December 31, 2023	₩	4,923,729			
Balance at January 1, 2024	₩	4,923,729			
Share-based payment transactions		2,162			
Balance at December 31, 2024	₩	4,925,891			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The total par value of issued shares amounts to ₩ 4,790,667 thousand, which differs from the paid-in capital due to retirement of treasury shares by appropriating retained earnings.

## 20. Equity, (cont'd)

	Capital surplus								
(in thousands of Korean won)	Share premium		Other capital surplus		Gain on lisposal of asury shares		Total		
Balance at January 1, 2023	₩ 1,423,290,184	₩	18,861,571	₩	6,452,617	₩	1,448,604,372		
Share-based payment transactions	18,807,732		517,286		3,210,797		22,535,815		
Equity adjustments of investments in associates and joint ventures	-		(11,070)		-		(11,070)		
Paid-in capital increase of subsidiaries	-		269,635		-		269,635		
Transactions with non- controlling interests	-		635,439		-		635,439		
Balance at December 31, 2023	₩ 1,442,097,916	₩	20,272,861	₩	9,663,414	₩	1,472,034,191		
Balance at January 1, 2024	₩ 1,442,097,916	₩	20,272,861	₩	9,663,414	₩	1,472,034,191		
Share-based payment transactions	5,943,467		90,574		4,318,673		10,352,714		
Transactions with non- controlling interests			(4,590,410)		_		(4,590,410)		
Balance at December 31, 2024	₩ 1,448,041,383	₩	15,773,025	₩	13,982,087	₩	1,477,796,495		

### (c) Other components of equity

Other components of equity as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, consist of:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dece	mber 31, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
Treasury shares <sup>1</sup>	₩	(79,819,802)	₩	-
Share-based payments (Note 21)		137,347,651		49,885,811
Other capital adjustments		47,444,118		47,444,118
Gain (Loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 11)		(40,773,864)		(5,927,608)
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability (Note 17)		(2,386,594)		(2,677,751)
Equity adjustments of investments in associates and joint ventures		9,790,911		(305,370)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		192,048,186		94,091,310
Other components of equity	₩	263,650,606	₩	182,510,510
1-				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Treasury shares with an acquisition cost of ₩ 0 are included in the balance.

## 21. Share-based Payments

The details of share options and other instruments subject to share-based payment arrangements as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>	Exercise price¹	Vesting conditions	Date of vesting	Date of expiration		
Share options granted (Krafton, Inc.)										
19 <sup>th</sup> -2	Oct. 20, 2017	Stock	14,495	14,495	₩ 1,452	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Oct. 20, 2020	Oct. 19, 2026		
19 <sup>th</sup> -3	Oct. 20, 2017	Stock	153,750	153,750	1,452	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Oct. 20, 2021	Oct. 19, 2026		
23 <sup>rd2</sup>	Nov. 5, 2020	Stock Cash	50,000	50,000	144,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Nov. 5, 2022(35%) Nov. 5, 2023(35%) Nov. 5, 2024(30%)	Nov. 4, 2032		
24 <sup>th2</sup>	Nov. 5, 2020	Stock Cash	650,000	650,000	144,000	Achievement of the target share price after IPO	25% each upon achievement of the target share price after IPO	Nov. 4, 2032		
25 <sup>th</sup>	Mar. 31, 2021	Stock	128,412	97,629	190,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Mar. 31, 2023(35%) Mar. 31, 2024(35%) Mar. 31, 2025(30%)	Mar. 30, 2028		
26 <sup>th</sup>	Mar. 31, 2021	Stock	2,500	2,500	190,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Mar. 31, 2023(70%) Mar. 31, 2024(30%)	Mar. 30, 2025(70%) Mar. 30, 2027(30%)		
27 <sup>th</sup>	Mar. 31, 2022	Stock	60,000	60,000	279,310	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Mar. 31, 2024(35%) Mar. 31, 2025(35%) Mar. 31, 2026(30%)	Mar. 30, 2029		
28 <sup>th</sup>	Mar. 28, 2023	Stock Cash	100,000	100,000	172,270	Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Achievement of the target market capitalization	Satisfy the period of continued service and upon achievement of the target market capitalization	Mar. 27, 2033		
29 <sup>th</sup>	Mar. 26, 2024	Stock Cash	-	80,000	₩ 231,800	Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Achievement of the target market capitalization	Satisfy the period of continued service and upon achievement of the target market capitalization	Mar. 25, 2034		

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>	Exercise price <sup>1</sup>	Vesting conditions	Date of vesting	Date of expiration
Share options	granted (Thing	gsflow Inc.)						
3 <sup>th</sup> -2	Nov. 1, 2020	Stock	500	200	₩ 99,174	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jan. 1, 2023	Jan. 1, 2025
3 <sup>th</sup> -3	Nov. 1, 2020	Stock	130	130	99,174	Provision of services to the date of vesting	June 1, 2023	June 1, 2025
4 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jun. 14, 2023	Stock	1,160	290	313,162	Provision of services to the date of vesting	June 14, 2025	June 14, 2030
4 <sup>th</sup> -2	Jun. 14, 2023	Stock	870	250	313,162	Provision of services to the date of vesting	June 14, 2026	June 14, 2031
4 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 14, 2023	Stock	165	-	313,162	Provision of services to the date of vesting	June 14, 2027	June 14, 2032
4 <sup>th</sup> -4	Jun. 14, 2023	Stock	2,326	2,326	313,162	Provision of services to the date of vesting	June 14, 2028	June 14, 2033
5 <sup>th</sup> -1	July 30, 2024	Stock	-	330	313,162	Provision of services to the date of vesting	July 30, 2026(50%) July 30, 2027(46%) July 30, 2028(4%)	July 30, 2031
Share options	granted (Neon	Giant AB)						
3 <sup>rd</sup>	Jan. 4, 2021	Stock	300	-	1 SEK	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jan. 4, 2024	Jan. 4, 2026
4 <sup>th</sup>	May 31, 2021	Stock	500	-	1 SEK	Provision of services to the date of vesting	May 31, 2024	May 31, 2026
5 <sup>th</sup>	Aug. 24, 2022	Stock	150	150	1 SEK	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Aug. 24, 2025	Aug. 24, 2027
6 <sup>th</sup>	Nov. 1, 2022	Stock	1,500	1,500	1 SEK	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Nov. 1, 2025	Nov. 1, 2027
7 <sup>th</sup>	May 2, 2023	Stock	850	850	1 SEK	Provision of services to the date of vesting	May 2, 2026	May 2, 2028
8 <sup>th</sup>	Dec. 20, 2023	Stock	1,200	1,200	1 SEK	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Dec. 20, 2026	Dec. 20, 2028

## 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024	Exercise price¹	Vesting conditions	Date of vesting	Date of expiration	
Performance-based incentives <sup>3</sup>									
2 <sup>nd</sup>	Oct. 31, 2017	Cash	1,500	-	₩ 1,452	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Nov. 1, 2019(35%) Nov. 1, 2020(35%) Nov. 1, 2021(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
3 <sup>rd</sup> -1	Dec. 22, 2017	Cash	6,540	3,540	1,452	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Dec. 23, 2019(35%) Dec. 23, 2020(35%) Dec. 23, 2021(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
3 <sup>rd</sup> -2	Feb. 1, 2018	Cash	1,125	1,125	1,452	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Feb. 2, 2020(35%) Feb. 2, 2021(35%) Feb. 2, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
4 <sup>th</sup> -1	Mar. 31, 2018	Cash	19,000	8,500	14,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Apr. 1, 2020(35%) Apr. 1, 2021(35%) Apr. 1, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
4 <sup>th</sup> -2	Mar. 31, 2018	Cash	10,500	7,000	44,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Apr. 1, 2020(35%) Apr. 1, 2021(35%) Apr. 1, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
5 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jun. 30, 2018	Cash	1,500	750	14,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jul. 1, 2020(35%) Jul. 1, 2021(35%) Jul. 1, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
5 <sup>th</sup> -2	Jun. 30, 2018	Cash	7,500	4,750	58,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jul. 1, 2020(35%) Jul. 1, 2021(35%) Jul. 1, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
6 <sup>th</sup> -1	Aug. 1, 2018	Cash	43,725	18,390	44,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Aug. 2, 2020(20%) Aug. 2, 2021(30%) Aug. 2, 2022(20%) Aug. 2, 2023(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	
6 <sup>th</sup> -2	Aug. 1, 2018	Cash	1,500	1,500	58,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Aug. 2, 2020(35%) Aug. 2, 2021(35%) Aug. 2, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting	

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>	Exercise price <sup>1</sup>	Vesting conditions	Date of vesting	Date of expiration
7 <sup>th</sup>	Aug. 31, 2018	Cash	2,500	2,500	₩ 44,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Sep. 1, 2020(35%) Sep. 1, 2021(35%) Sep. 1, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting
8 <sup>th</sup>	Sep. 30, 2018	Cash	4,500	2,250	44,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Oct. 1, 2020(35%) Oct. 1, 2021(35%) Oct. 1, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting
9 <sup>th</sup>	Nov. 12, 2018	Cash	2,250	2,250	78,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Nov. 13, 2020(35%) Nov. 13, 2021(35%) Nov. 13, 2022(30%)	4 years from date of vesting
13 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jan. 2, 2020	Cash	2,500	1,500	1,452	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Dec. 23, 2020(54%) Dec. 23, 2021(46%)	4 years from date of vesting

## 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>	Exercise price¹	Vesting conditions	Date of vesting	Date of expiration
Restricted stoo	ck unit							
1 <sup>st</sup>	Apr. 1, 2022	Stock	650	300	₩ -	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Apr. 1, 2023(35%) Apr. 1, 2024(35%) Apr. 1, 2025(30%)	-
2 <sup>nd</sup> -4	Apr. 1, 2022	Cash	4,225	1,950	190,000	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Apr. 1, 2023(35%) Apr. 1, 2024(35%) Apr. 1, 2025(30%)	-
$3_{ m ld}$	May. 2, 2022	Stock	650	300	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	May. 2, 2023(35%) May. 2, 2024(35%) May. 2, 2025(30%)	-
4 <sup>th</sup> -1 4 <sup>th</sup> -2 4 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 1, 2022	Stock Cash	30,745	13,425	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2023(35%) Jun. 1, 2024(35%) Jun. 1, 2025(30%)	-
4 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 1, 2022	Stock Cash	7,800	3,600	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jul. 1, 2024(54%) Jul. 1, 2025(46%)	-
4 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 1, 2022	Stock Cash	1,950	1,950	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2025	-
4 <sup>th</sup> -3 (Market performance conditions added)	Jun. 1, 2022	Stock Cash	17,200	16,600	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Achievement of the target share price	Satisfy the period of continued service and upon achievement of the target market capitalization	May. 31, 2025(35%) May. 31, 2026(35%) May. 31, 2027(30%)
6 <sup>th</sup>	Jan. 1, 2023	Cash	1,300	600	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Oct. 10, 2023(35%) Oct. 10, 2024(35%) Oct. 10, 2025(30%)	-
7 <sup>th</sup> -1 7 <sup>th</sup> -2	Jun. 1, 2023	Stock Cash	63,800	38,818	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2024(35%) Jun. 1, 2025(35%) Jun. 1, 2026(30%)	-
7 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jun. 1, 2023	Stock Cash	20,000	13,000	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jul. 1, 2024(35%) Jul. 1, 2025(35%)	-

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>	Exercise price¹	Vesting conditions	<b>Date of vesting</b> Jul. 1, 2025(30%)	Date of expiration
7 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jun. 1, 2023	Stock Cash	5,000	5,000	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2025(70%) Jun. 1, 2026(30%)	-
8 <sup>th</sup>	July 1, 2023	Cash	2,500	1,625	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2024(35%) Jun. 1, 2025(35%) Jun. 1, 2026(35%)	
9 <sup>th</sup>	Dec. 15, 2023	Stock Cash	5,000	3,250	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Dec. 15, 2024(35%) Dec. 15, 2025(35%) Dec. 15, 2026(30%)	-
10 <sup>th</sup> -1 10 <sup>th</sup> -2	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	74,447	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2025(35%) Jun. 1, 2026(35%) Jun. 1, 2027(30%)	-
10 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	1,500	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Jun. 1, 2026(35%) Jun. 1, 2027(35%) Jun. 1, 2028(30%)	-
11 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	500	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Mar. 30, 2026	-
11 <sup>th</sup> -2 11 <sup>th</sup> -4	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	11,000	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Mar. 29, 2026	-
11 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	1,000	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting	Mar. 30, 2027	-
11 <sup>th</sup> -5	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	1,000	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting Provision of services	Mar. 31, 2026	-
12 <sup>th</sup> -1	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	1,000	-	to the date of vesting/ Differentiated payment based on relative share price increase	Mar. 30, 2026	-
12 <sup>th</sup> -2 12 <sup>th</sup> -4	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	12,000	-	Provision of services to the date of vesting/	Mar. 29, 2026	-

(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Date of grant		Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 <sup>1</sup>	Outstanding shares as of December 31, 2024 <sup>1</sup>	Exercise price <sup>1</sup>	Vesting conditions Differentiated payment based on relative share price increase Provision of services	Date of vesting	Date of expiration
12 <sup>th</sup> -3	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	2,000		to the date of vesting/ Differentiated payment based on relative share price increase	Mar. 30, 2027	-
12 <sup>th</sup> -5	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	2,000		Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Differentiated payment based on relative share price increase	Mar. 31, 2026	-
13 <sup>th</sup>	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	90,000		Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Achievement of the target market capitalization	Satisfy the period of continued service and upon achievement of the target market capitalization	Dec. 31, 2033
14 <sup>th</sup>	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	20,000		Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Differentiated payment based on the achievement of new game revenue	Mar. 29, 2026	-
15 <sup>th</sup>	Jun. 1, 2024	Stock Cash	-	10,000		Provision of services to the date of vesting/ Differentiated payment based on the achievement of target operating profit	Mar. 29, 2026	-
16 <sup>th</sup>	Sep. 2, 2024	Stock Cash	-	8,000		Provision of services to the date of vesting	Sep. 2, 2025(35%) Sep. 2, 2026(35%)	-

Outstanding Outstanding shares as of shares as of (in Korean won, except number Settlement December 31, December 31, **Exercise** of shares) Date of grant Method 2023<sup>1</sup> 2024<sup>1</sup> price1 **Vesting conditions** Date of vesting Date of expiration Sep. 2, 2027(30%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Parent company conducted a share split by lowering the par value from ₩500 to ₩100 on May 4, 2021, as the effective date. Accordingly, the quantity and exercise price of share options have been adjusted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, the option holder for the settlement method of the share options was changed from 'employees' to the 'Company.' Accordingly, the share-based payment transaction was reclassified from a cash-settled share-based payment transaction to an equity-settled share-based payment transaction. The Group recognized the difference between the fair value of the liability at the modification date and the fair value of the equity as profit or loss for the period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> According to the terms of the performance-based incentives granted by the Group to its executives and employees, the compensation has been changed to be granted in accordance with the stock price at the time of exercise after the listing.

### 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

Changes in the number of share options (Krafton, Inc.) granted and weighted average exercise price for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023			
(in Korean won, except number of Granted shares) Granted		av	eighted verage cise price	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price	
Beginning	1,159,157	₩	137,948	1,238,490	₩	119,003
Grant	80,000		231,800	100,000		172,270
Forfeit / Expired	(9,162)		190,000	(23,588)		190,000
Exercise	(21,621)		190,000	(155,745)		1,452
Ending	1,208,374	₩	142,835	1,159,157	₩	137,948

Changes in the number of share options (Thingsflow Inc.) granted and weighted average exercise price for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		December 31, 2023			
(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Granted number		Weighted average ercise price	Granted number		Weighted average ercise price
Beginning	5,151	₩	286,990	850	₩	99,174
Grant	395		313,162	5,736		313,162
Forfeit / Expired	(2,020)		281,382	(1,275)		303,092
Exercise	-		<u>-</u>	(160)		99,174
Ending	3,526	₩	293,135	5,151	₩	286,990

Changes in the number of share options (Neon Giant AB) granted and weighted average exercise price for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024		Decemb	er 31, 2023
(in Swedish Krona, except number of shares)	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price
Beginning	4,500	1 SEK	3,483	1 SEK
Grant	-	-	3,700	1 SEK
Exercise	(800)	1 SEK	(2,683)	1 SEK
Ending	3,700	1 SEK	4,500	1 SEK

## 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

Changes in the number of performance-based incentives granted and weighted average exercise price for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		Decemb	per 31, 2023
(in Korean won, performance-based incentives granted)	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price
Beginning	104,640	₩ 35,315	132,590	₩ 31,754
Forfeit / Expired	-		(11,000)	14,990
Exercise	(50,585)	33,463	(16,950)	20,649
Ending	54,055	₩ 37,048	104,640	₩ 35,315

Changes in the number of restricted stock units for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		
(in Korean won, except number of shares)	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price	Granted number	Weighted average exercise price	
Beginning	160,820	₩ 4,992	117,040	₩ 18,841	
Grant	236,057	-	114,160	-	
Forfeit / Expired	(6,762)	-	(26,011)	19,917	
Exercise	(55,220)	7,828	(44,369)	19,933	
Ending	334,895	₩ 1,106	160,820	₩ 4,992	

### 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

Number of shares/compensations exercisable and others as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

(in Korean won, except number of shares/compensations)	Number of Shares/Compensations Exercisable	Weighted average exercise price		
Share options (Krafton, inc.)	305,699	₩	84,842	
Share options (Thingsflow Inc.)	330		99,174	
Performance-based incentives	54,055		37,048	

The Group measured the cost of the share options granted by Krafton, inc. for December 31, 2024 and 2023, by fair value using Monte Carlo method. The related assumptions and variables to measure the cost of the share options granted are as follows:

(in Korean won)	Korean won) December 31, 2024		December 31, 202	
Weighted average fair value of share options granted during the year	₩	103,624	₩	93,833
Weighted average share price at grant date	₩	246,500	₩	179,500
Price volatility		41.12%		48.76%
Dividend Yield		0.00%		0.00%
Expected Term		3.30~5.20years		3.24~5.30years
Risk-free interest rate		3.30%~3.45%		3.26%~3.30%

The Group measured the cost of the share options granted by Krafton, which were modified to equity-settled share-based payment transactions for December 31, 2024, by fair value using the Binomial model and Monte Carlo method. The related assumptions and variables to measure the cost of the share options granted are as follows:

(in Korean won)	December 31, 2024		
Weighted average fair value of share options	₩	200,127	
Weighted average share price at grant date	₩	327,000	
Price volatility		44.14%	
Dividend Yield		0.00%	
Expected Term		0.00~8.18years	
Risk-free interest rate		2.95%~3.31%	

### 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

The Group measured the cost of the share options granted by Krafton, inc. for December 31, 2023, by fair value using the Binomial model and Monte Carlo method. The related assumptions and variables to measure the cost of the share options granted are as follows:

(in Korean won)	December 31, 2023		
Weighted average fair value of share options	₩	58,158	
Weighted average share price at grant date	₩	193,600	
Price volatility		37.28%	
Dividend Yield		0.00%	
Expected Term		0.00~8.85years	
Risk-free interest rate		3.14%~3.48%	

The Group measured the cost of the performance-based incentives granted as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, by fair value using the Monte Carlo method. The related assumptions and variables to measure the cost of performance-based incentives granted are as follows:

(in Korean won)	Decemb	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
Weighted average fair value of share options	₩	276,890	₩	159,822	
Weighted average share price at grant date	₩	312,500	₩	193,600	
Price volatility		41.61%		37.28%	
Dividend Yield		0.00%		0.00%	
Expected Term	0.0	0~0.25years	0.0	0~0.25years	
Risk-free interest rate	2.	.86%~2.88%	3.	.33%~3.39%	

The Group measured the cost of the restricted stock units granted for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, by fair value using the Binomial model. The related assumptions and variables to measure the cost of the restricted stock units granted are as follows:

(in Korean won)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		December 31, 2023	
Weighted average fair value of share options	₩	261,803	₩	190,512
Weighted average share price at grant date	₩	261,803	₩	190,512
Price volatility	41.	84%~44.14%	33.3	35%~45.35%
Dividend Yield		0.00%		0.00%
Expected Term	1.0	00~4.00years	1.0	0~3.00years
Risk-free interest rate	2	2.97%~3.29%	3	.27%~3.58%

## 21. Share-based Payments, (cont'd)

The Group measured the cost of restricted stock units granted as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, by fair value using the Binomial model and the Monte Carlo method. The related assumptions and variables to measure the cost of restricted stock units granted are as follows:

(in Korean won)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		December 31, 202	
Weighted average fair value of share options	₩	251,048	₩	160,169
Weighted average share price at grant date	₩	312,500	₩	193,600
Price volatility	38	.86%~44.37%		37.28%
Dividend Yield		0.00%		0.00%
Expected Term	0.	25~5.06years	0	.42~2.42years
Risk-free interest rate		2.59%~3.03%		3.18%~3.48%

Details of the expenses in relation to the share-based payments granted to employees of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Total share-based payment expenses				
Operating costs	₩	102,405,282	₩	27,642,127

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amount and intrinsic value of the liabilities recognized in relation to share-based payments are as follows.

(in thousands of Korean won)		<b>December 31, 2024</b>	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Carrying Amount Intrinsic Value	₩	38,423,193 14,967,268	₩	50,822,404 16,723,783

### 22. Revenue from Contracts with Customers and Contract Assets and Liabilities

### (a) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>		Dec	ember 31, 2023
Revenue from contracts with customers	₩	2,705,547,483	₩	1,910,365,763
Revenue from other sources		4,226,624		210,417
	₩	2,709,774,107	₩	1,910,576,180

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time or at a point in time in the following major services:

(in thousands of Korean won) Main Services	December 31, 2024		Dec	ember 31, 2023
PC	₩	941,879,465	₩	583,895,594
Mobile		1,689,837,033		1,244,818,528
Console		44,338,311		55,673,426
Others		29,492,674		25,978,215
Total	₩	2,705,547,483	₩	1,910,365,763
Revenue recognition				
Transfer over time	₩	2,659,799,846	₩	1,832,360,135
Transfer at a point in time		45,747,637		78,005,628
Total	₩	2,705,547,483	₩	1,910,365,763

Details of the Group's revenue by geographic areas for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 3	1, 2024	December 3	1, 2023
	Revenue	Ratio	Revenue	Ratio
Asia	₩ 2,294,220,130	84.80%	₩ 1,613,272,877	84.45%
Korea	191,128,588	7.06%	104,876,232	5.49%
America / Europe	203,023,394	7.50%	179,086,142	9.37%
Others	17,175,371	0.64%	13,130,512	0.69%
	₩ 2,705,547,483	100.00%	₩ 1,910,365,763	100.00%

### 22. Revenue from Contracts with Customers and Contract Assets and Liabilities, (cont'd)

#### (b) Contract liabilities

Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers the Group has recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Decem	ber 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Contract liabilities (unearned revenue)	₩	168,892,958	₩	130,101,737	

#### (c) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities

Contract liabilities are unearned revenue recognized over time, and the amount changes when there are new customers and time elapses.

#### (d) Revenue recognized in relation to contract liabilities

Revenue recognized in relation to contract liabilities carried over from the previous reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows.

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dec	cember 31, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year	₩	76,703,999	₩	67,192,068

## 23. Operating Costs

Operating costs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	De	cember 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Application fees / Cost of sales	₩	349,293,179	₩	226,754,111
Salaries and bonuses		387,172,083		329,278,631
Post-employment benefits		33,642,399		29,442,717
Employee benefits		95,962,744		68,579,807
Travel and transportation expenses		10,928,356		6,778,361
Depreciation		83,090,693		76,413,151
Depreciation – Investment properties		1,765,953		806,217
Amortization		21,583,796		30,796,591
Insurance expenses		6,742,416		7,780,325
Supplies expenses		1,532,889		1,356,117
Commissions and fees		316,069,282		258,894,433
Advertising and promotion expenses		101,436,739		66,050,538
Share-based payment expenses		102,405,282		27,642,127
Bad debts expense(reversal)		(82,043)		(3,283,475)
Others		15,742,654		15,240,920
	₩	1,527,286,422	₩	1,142,530,571

## 24. Other Income and Expenses

Other income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Other income				
Gain on foreign exchange	₩	158,257,497	₩	70,742,953
Gains on disposal of investments in associates		3,876,924		4,434,747
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		7,162		11,106
Gain on disposal of leases		957,458		583
Gain on disposal of intangible assets		83,830		25,814,133
Gain on disposal of other financial assets		23,343		14,583
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		307,460,409		197,676,487
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		194,999,969		25,488,865
Gain on valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		27,415,654		150,210,081
Gain on derivatives		3,272,994		554,642
Dividend income		140,550		456,194
Other bad debts expense(reversal)		18,464		-
Others		568,470		7,565,467
	₩	697,082,724	₩	482,969,841
Other expenses	١٨/	04.070.000	۱۸/	50,000,054
Loss on foreign exchange	₩	34,876,206	₩	52,888,051
Loss on disposal of investments in associates		2,517,930		-
Loss on impairment of investments in associates		20,125,947		-
Loss on disposal of investment properties		2,330,623		-
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		364,207		209,160
Loss on impairment of property and equipment		258,219		2,344,920
Loss on impairment of intangible assets		11,063,305		250,188,315
Loss on disposal of intangible assets		7		3,146
Other bad debt expenses  Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value		566,338		123,293
through profit or loss		11,995,741		28,174,994
Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		38,167,240		62,499,507
Loss on derivatives		-		169,156
Loss on disposal of other financial assets		-		127
Donations		1,205,538		3,116,333
Others		8,618,437		7,124,504
	₩	132,089,738	₩	406,841,506

## 25. Finance Income and Costs

Finance income and finance costs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Finance income				
Interest income	₩	32,533,611	₩	37,537,873
Financial guarantee income		120		
	₩	32,533,731	₩	37,537,873
Finance costs				
Interest expenses	₩	9,457,916	₩	8,910,260
Financial guarantee expenses				21,744
	₩	9,457,916	₩	8,932,004

### 26. Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, consists of:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Current tax	₩	426,678,645	₩	241,164,113
Deferred tax due to temporary differences		(19,511,590)		(14,644,121)
Income tax expense charged directly to equity		12,918,682		8,035,029
Income tax expense	₩	420,085,737	₩	234,555,021

Reconciliation between profit before income tax and income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Profit before income tax	₩ 1,722,678,391	₩ 828,615,336
Income tax based on statutory tax rate	444,425,095	208,392,449
Adjustments:		
Non-taxable income	(2,050,226)	(5,603,893)
Non-deductible expenses	27,739,543	7,599,600
Tax credit and others	(5,822,610)	(1,547,867)
Foreign tax credit and others	(6,950,760)	(2,072,888)
Claim for rectification	(44,545,438)	(9,432,883)
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax asset	(1,449,820)	27,843,829
Effects of the tax system for recirculation of corporate income	-	(4,870,000)
Others	8,739,953	14,246,674
Income tax expense	₩ 420,085,737	₩ 234,555,021
Effective tax rate	24.39%	28.31%

## 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

Changes in the temporary differences and related deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of	December 31, 2024									
	Tempor	ary differences and o	others	Deferred tax assets(liabilities)						
		Increase			Increase					
Korean won)	Beginning	(decrease)	Ending	Beginning	(decrease)	Ending				
Post-employment benefit obligation	₩ 19,017,001	₩ 9,838,643	₩ 28,855,644	₩ 4,979,510	₩ 2,614,574	₩ 7,594,084				
Plan assets	(2,232,848)	(526,335)	(2,759,183)	(589,472)	(138,952)	(728,424)				
Accrued income	(12,031,551)	(5,608,286)	(17,639,837)	(3,176,322)	(1,480,456)	(4,656,778)				
Unearned revenue	134,078,522	38,634,385	172,712,907	35,328,272	10,258,551	45,586,823				
Prepaid expenses	(19,024,418)	(9,228,913)	(28,253,331)	(5,022,446)	(2,436,433)	(7,458,879)				
Accrued expenses	102,180,456	18,302,945	120,483,401	26,968,843	4,834,084	31,802,927				
Right-of-use assets	(124,316,470)	21,697,895	(102,618,575)	(32,759,194)	5,667,890	(27,091,304)				
Lease liabilities	164,982,157	(22,550,586)	142,431,571	43,491,725	(5,889,790)	37,601,935				
Lease receivables	(38,277,835)	2,222,826	(36,055,009)	(10,105,349)	586,827	(9,518,522)				
Present value discounts	3,864,325	(463,621)	3,400,704	1,019,448	(121,662)	897,786				
Provision for impairment	89,640,240	12,175,465	101,815,705	23,665,023	3,214,323	26,879,346				
Depreciation	6,848,589	(1,286,140)	5,562,449	1,557,712	(269,395)	1,288,317				
Amortization	(242,473,279)	(13,445,540)	(255,918,819)	(48,485,041)	(2,687,108)	(51,172,149)				
Government grants	258,000	(94,000)	164,000	68,112	(24,816)	43,296				
Allowance for depreciation	(258,000)	94,000	(164,000)	(68,112)	24,816	(43,296)				
Facilities	(174,109)	72,062	(102,047)	(47,156)	19,113	(28,043)				
Loss on impairment of construction-in- progress	2,344,920	65,695	2,410,615	619,059	17,343	636,402				
Bad debt expenses	224,968	-	224,968	59,391	-	59,391				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(50,677,753)	(28,975,360)	(79,653,113)	(13,378,927)	(7,649,495)	(21,028,422)				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	12,428,698	47,365,457	59,794,155	3,281,176	12,504,481	15,785,657				

## 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

	December 31, 2024											
(in thousands of Korean won)	Temporary differences and others					Deferred tax assets(liabilities)						
		Beginning		Increase (decrease)		Ending		Beginning		Increase (decrease)		Ending
Investments in subsidiaries	₩	99,109,005	₩	(42,086,678)	₩	57,022,327	₩	26,164,777	₩	(11,110,883)	₩	15,053,894
Investments in associates		10,180,774		22,845,177		33,025,951		2,687,724		6,031,127		8,718,851
Provision for restoration costs		13,852,061		(565,056)		13,287,005		3,656,944		(149,175)		3,507,769
Financial guarantee liabilities		64,130		(17,894)		46,236		16,930		(4,724)		12,206
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		51,837,885		(24,038,045)		27,799,840		13,685,202		(6,346,044)		7,339,158
Derivative instruments		12,066,858		(4,824,199)		7,242,659		3,185,651		(1,273,589)		1,912,062
Loss on impairment of intangible assets		10,705		3,664,998		3,675,703		2,826		967,560		970,386
Other receivables		(147,429)		-		(147,429)		(38,921)		-		(38,921)
Commissions		147,490		-		147,490		38,937		-		38,937
Long-term accrued expenses		985,735		(759,669)		226,066		232,897		(173,215)		59,682
Share-based payment expenses		32,498,998		(12,490,065)		20,008,933		8,579,736		(3,297,378)		5,282,358
Accounts payable		104,363		(64,903)		39,460		27,552		(17,134)		10,418
Development costs		33,281		(4,438)		28,843		8,786		(1,171)		7,615
Membership rights		-		18,582		18,582		-		4,906		4,906
Convertible redeemable preferred stock		1,654,050		4,435,481		6,089,531		363,891		975,806		1,339,697
Others		76,310,255		77,055,953		153,366,208		8,369,633		8,903,258		17,272,891
Tax losses		135,172,486		3,363,191		138,535,677		34,877,850		728,096		35,605,946
Tax credits		16,071,956		3,938,806		20,010,762		16,071,956		3,938,806		20,010,762
	₩	496,354,216	₩	98,761,833	₩	595,116,049		145,338,623		18,220,141		163,558,764
Unrecognized deferred assets								(101,898,174)		(3,043,040)		(104,941,214)
							₩	43,440,449	₩	15,177,101	₩	58,617,550

# KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

#### 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

December 31, 2023	
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	Temp	orary differences and o	others	Def	ferred tax assets(liabilit	ies)
(in thousands of Korean won)	Beginning	Increase (decrease)	Ending	Beginning	Increase (decrease)	Ending
Post-employment benefit obligation	₩ 15,942,456	6 ₩ 3,074,545	₩ 19,017,001	₩ 4,210,101	₩ 769,409	₩ 4,979,510
Plan assets	(1,308,577	(924,271)	(2,232,848)	(359,859)	(229,613)	(589,472)
Accrued income	(953,174	(11,078,377)	(12,031,551)	(252,449)	(2,923,873)	(3,176,322)
Unearned revenue	69,516,013	3 64,562,509	134,078,522	18,380,677	16,947,595	35,328,272
Prepaid expenses	(15,643,684	(3,380,734)	(19,024,418)	(4,146,287)	(876,159)	(5,022,446)
Accrued expenses	98,513,854	4 3,666,602	102,180,456	26,102,893	865,950	26,968,843
Right-of-use assets	(135,512,258	11,195,788	(124,316,470)	(35,846,212)	3,087,018	(32,759,194)
Lease liabilities	180,734,52	1 (15,752,364)	164,982,157	47,828,983	(4,337,258)	43,491,725
Lease receivables	(46,103,173	7,825,338	(38,277,835)	(12,217,341)	2,111,992	(10,105,349)
Present value discounts	3,846,145	5 18,180	3,864,325	1,018,989	459	1,019,448
Provision for impairment	89,294,509	9 345,731	89,640,240	23,663,245	1,778	23,665,023
Depreciation	7,710,612	2 (862,023)	6,848,589	1,697,306	(139,594)	1,557,712
Amortization	(320,256,045	77,782,766	(242,473,279)	(63,970,539)	15,485,498	(48,485,041)
Government grants	352,000	0 (94,000)	258,000	93,280	(25,168)	68,112
Allowance for depreciation	(352,000	94,000	(258,000)	(93,280)	25,168	(68,112)
Facilities	(311,714	137,605	(174,109)	(83,891)	36,735	(47,156)
Loss on impairment of construction-in- progress		- 2,344,920	2,344,920	-	619,059	619,059
Bad debt expenses	119,26	5 105,703	224,968	31,605	27,786	59,391
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(16,474,076	(34,203,677)	(50,677,753)	(4,365,630)	(9,013,297)	(13,378,927)
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(15,302,877	27,731,575	12,428,698	(4,055,262)	7,336,438	3,281,176

# KRAFTON, Inc. and its Subsidiaries Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

## 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

	December 31, 2023											
		Tei	mpor	ary differences a	nd othe	ers		Def	erred t	ax assets(liabilitie	es)	
(in thousands of				Increase						Increase		
Korean won)		Beginning		(decrease)		Ending		Beginning	(	(decrease)		Ending
Investments in subsidiaries	₩	(91,437,393)	₩	190,546,398	₩	99,109,005	₩	(24,230,909)	₩	50,395,686	₩	26,164,777
Investments in associates		7,851,730		2,329,044		10,180,774		2,080,709		607,015		2,687,724
Provision for restoration costs		13,638,639		213,422		13,852,061		3,614,239		42,705		3,656,944
Other provisions		2,902,828		(2,902,828)		-		769,249		(769,249)		-
Financial guarantee liabilities		24,559		39,571		64,130		6,508		10,422		16,930
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		201,143,514		(149,305,629)		51,837,885		53,303,031		(39,617,829)		13,685,202
Derivative instruments		15,885,014		(3,818,156)		12,066,858		4,129,488		(943,837)		3,185,651
Loss on impairment of intangible assets		176,559		(165,854)		10,705		46,788		(43,962)		2,826
Other receivables		(147,429)		-		(147,429)		(39,069)		148		(38,921)
Commissions		147,490		-		147,490		39,085		(148)		38,937
Long-term accrued expenses		1,044,595		(58,860)		985,735		257,950		(25,053)		232,897
Share-based payment expenses		28,781,273		3,717,725		32,498,998		7,627,037		952,699		8,579,736
Accounts payable		339,868		(235,505)		104,363		90,065		(62,513)		27,552
Development costs		188,348		(188,348)		-		50,860		(50,860)		-
Membership rights		37,718		(4,437)		33,281		9,995		(1,209)		8,786
Convertible redeemable preferred stock		1,326,725		327,325		1,654,050		291,879		72,012		363,891
Others		145,288,168		(68,977,913)		76,310,255		13,151,662		(4,782,029)		8,369,633
Tax losses		134,860,157		312,329		135,172,486		35,064,953		(187,103)		34,877,850
Tax credits		10,941,386		5,130,570		16,071,956		10,221,881		5,850,075		16,071,956
	₩	386,805,546	₩	109,548,670	₩	496,354,216		104,121,730		41,216,893		145,338,623
Unrecognized deferred assets		_						(74,107,598)		(27,790,576)		(101,898,174)
							₩	30,014,132	₩	13,426,317	₩	43,440,449

#### 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

The analysis of offset deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024			
Deferred tax assets				
Deferred tax asset to be recovered within 12 months	₩	103,697,403	₩	111,649,934
Deferred tax asset to be recovered after more than 12 months		76,645,268		147,359,629
Deferred tax liabilities				
Deferred tax liability to be recovered within 12 months		(12,114,961)		(8,237,689)
Deferred tax liability to be recovered after more than 12 months		(109,610,160)		(207,331,425)
Deferred tax assets, net	₩	58,617,550	₩	43,440,449

The tax effect that is charged or credited directly to other comprehensive income (expenses) for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of	D	December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023			
Korean won)	Before tax	Tax effect	After tax	Before tax	Tax effect	After tax		
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability	₩ 399,447	₩ (108,290)	₩ 291,157	₩ (672,033)	₩ 197,061	₩ (474,972)		
Gain(loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(47,345,457)	12,499,201	(34,846,256)	(27,031,575)	7,155,197	(19,876,378)		
Gain on disposal of treasury shares	5,867,763	(1,549,089)	4,318,674	4,362,497	(1,151,699)	3,210,798		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(7,866,898)	2,076,861	(5,790,037)	(6,948,749)	1,834,470	(5,114,279)		
	₩ (48,945,145)	₩ 12,918,683	₩ (36,026,462)	₩ (30,289,860)	₩ 8,035,029	₩ (22,254,831)		

#### 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

Details of deductible temporary differences unrecognized as deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 2024		December 31, 2023		
Deductible temporary differences	₩	220,142,536	₩	243,708,340	
Tax losses		138,535,677		135,172,486	
Tax credits		11,680,510		9,304,279	

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, The Group recognized deferred tax assets only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized and the deferred tax deduction effect will be realized in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax assets were not recognized for tax losses and tax credits.

The maturity of unused tax losses and tax credits as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	December 31, 2024				
(in thousands of Korean won)		Tax losses		Tax credits	
Less than 1 year	₩	355,429	₩	-	
Between 1 and 2 years		8,363,136		264,599	
Between 2 and 3 years		3,185,434		539,502	
Between 3 and 4 years		40,366,686		533,798	
Between 4 and 5 years		49,057,919		766,526	
Between 5 and 6 years		716,952		757,225	
Between 6 and 7 years		-		499,581	
Between 7 and 8 years		-		1,313,135	
Between 8 and 9 years		-		596,796	
Between 9 and 10 years		-		768,848	
Between 10 and 11 years		-		5,640,500	
Between 11 and 12 years		3,075,889		-	
Between 12 and 13 years		6,539,496		-	
Between 13 and 14 years		14,567,510		-	
Between 14 and 15 years		8,603,219		-	
Between 15 and 16 years		3,704,007		-	
	₩	138,535,677	₩	11,680,510	

# 26. Income Tax Expense, (cont'd)

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>				
(in thousands of Korean won)	Т	ax losses	Tax credits		
Less than 1 year	₩	226,293	₩ -		
Between 1 and 2 years		397,454	264,599		
Between 2 and 3 years		8,363,136	539,502		
Between 3 and 4 years		3,185,434	508,629		
Between 4 and 5 years		40,366,686	717,261		
Between 5 and 6 years		49,057,919	697,047		
Between 6 and 7 years		716,952	499,581		
Between 7 and 8 years		-	1,888,403		
Between 8 and 9 years		-	985,701		
Between 9 and 10 years		-	3,203,556		
Between 10 and 11 years		-	-		
Between 11 and 12 years		-	-		
Between 12 and 13 years		3,075,889	-		
Between 13 and 14 years		6,539,496	-		
Between 14 and 15 years		14,567,510	-		
Between 15 and 16 years		8,675,717	-		
	₩	135,172,486	₩ 9,304,279		

#### 27. Earnings per Share

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year excluding treasury shares.

(in Korean won, in shares)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	December 31, 2023
Profit attributable to the owners of the Parent Company	₩ 1,306,089,757,323	₩ 595,361,538,227
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	45,679,058	46,470,185
Basic earnings per share	₩ 28,593	₩ 12,812

#### 27. Earnings per Share, (cont'd)

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by applying the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares adjusted to the assumption that all dilutive potential ordinary shares are converted into ordinary shares. The Group has one category of dilutive potential ordinary shares: share options (including restricted stock units). For the share options, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as average market price for the year) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options.

(in Korean won, in shares)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Profit attributable to the owners of the Parent Company	₩1,306,089,757,323	₩ 595,361,538,227
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	45,679,058	46,470,185
Adjustment for:		
Share options	335,920	225,058
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share	46,014,978	46,695,243
Diluted earnings per share	₩ 28,384	₩ 12,750

#### 27. Earnings per Share, (cont'd)

(c) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding

Details of weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding calculation for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in days, shares)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	December 31, 2023
Number of ordinary shares outstanding multiplied by weight factor	17,703,442,677	17,973,367,618
Number of treasury shares multiplied by weight factor	(984,907,506)	(1,011,750,098)
	16,718,535,171	16,961,617,520
Weight	366	365
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	45,679,058	46,470,185

#### 28. Statements of Cash Flows

#### (a) Cash generated from operations

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Profit for the year	₩ 1,302,592,654	₩ 594,060,314
Addition or subtraction for net profit adjustment :	125,512,607	324,467,914
Performance-based incentive	3,484,611	1,972,008
Post-employment benefits	12,344,398	5,286,234
Depreciation	83,090,693	76,413,151
Depreciation – investment properties	1,765,953	806,217
Amortization	21,583,796	30,796,591
Share-based payment expenses	102,405,282	27,642,127
Bad debts expense(reversal)	(82,043)	(3,283,475)
Loss on foreign exchange	6,523,852	24,790,784
Other Bad debts expense	547,874	123,293
Loss on disposal of investment in associates	2,517,930	-
Loss on impairment of investment in associates	20,125,947	1,609,943
Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,995,741	28,174,994
Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	38,167,240	62,499,507
Loss on derivatives	-	169,156
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	364,207	209,160
Loss on impairment of property and equipment	258,219	2,344,920
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	7	3,146
Loss on impairment of intangible assets	11,063,305	250,188,315
Loss on disposal of investment properties	2,330,623	-
Interest expenses	9,457,916	8,910,261
Financial guarantee expenses	-	21,744
Loss on equity method	48,350,140	43,035,472
Other expense	2,623,808	4,844,447
Income tax expense	420,085,737	234,555,021
Gain on foreign exchange	(102,248,534)	(32,604,471)
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(194,999,969)	(25,488,865)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(307,460,409)	(197,676,487)
Gain on valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(27,415,654)	(150,210,081)
Gain on derivatives	(3,272,994)	(554,642)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(7,162)	(11,106)
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	(83,830)	(25,814,133)
Gain on disposal of leases	(957,458)	(583)

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Interest income	₩ (32,533,611)	₩ (37,537,873)
Dividend income	(140,550)	(456,194)
Gain on disposal of investment in associates	(3,876,924)	(4,434,747)
Gain on equity method	(472,044)	(480,939)
Other income	(23,490)	(1,374,981)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(276,467,295)	(139,464,052)
Trade receivables	(233,261,377)	(162,899,157)
Other receivables	7,305,982	15,867,831
Advance payments	(2,427,004)	9,421,014
Prepaid expenses	(29,890,054)	(14,893,130)
Long-term receivables	(1,539,092)	(602,328)
Long-term advance payments	23,494	313,193
Long-term prepaid expenses	(66,313,138)	-
Other assets	(1,101,797)	(313,355)
Trade payables	3,436	171,418
Other payables	1,255,564	(61,933,223)
Accrued expenses	(1,146,016)	22,642,077
Withholdings	14,213,613	4,379,079
Advance received	(681,229)	(456,376)
Unearned revenue	39,104,945	55,354,030
Long-term accrued expenses	392,592	(267,355)
Other provisions	-	(3,501,975)
Payments of net defined benefit liability	(2,407,214)	<del></del>
Cash generated from operations	₩ 1,151,637,966	₩ 779,064,176

## 28. Statements of Cash Flows, (cont'd)

# (b) Non-cash transactions

(in thousands of Korean won)	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current portion of long-term loans	₩ 12,614,567	₩ 1,562,852
Reclassification to long-term loans from short-term loans	74,368,859	-
Current portion of long-term financial instruments	-	1,787,649
Reclassification to long-term financial instruments from short-term financial instruments	1,902,106	-
Reclassification from construction-in-progress	11,673,395	3,350,312
Increase in right-of-use assets	48,064,653	57,089,192
Current portion of lease receivables	11,837,305	9,733,203
Current portion of lease liabilities	68,738,214	65,361,620
Change in other receivables related to disposal of property and equipment	-	106,354
Change in other payables related to acquisition of property and equipment	1,072,758	26,341
Change in other payables related to acquisition of intangible assets	170,175	4,590
Reclassification to intangible assets from long-term advance payments	640,431	18,707,726
Change in other payables related to acquisition of investments in subsidiaries	194,207	1,576,079
Reclassification to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	1,578,600
Current portion of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	30,735,166	-

#### 28. Statements of Cash Flows, (cont'd)

(c) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)			December 31, 2024	1	
,	-	Cash flows from		sh flows	
	Beginning	financing activities	New lease	Others	Ending
Short-term borrowings	₩ 7,000,000	₩ -	₩ -	₩ -	₩ 7,000,000
Leasehold deposits received	9,051,138	-	-	238,720	9,289,858
Lease liabilities	196,761,519	(63,210,910)	28,630,671	28,773,394	190,954,674
	₩ 212,812,657	₩ (63,210,910)	₩ 28,630,671	₩ 29,012,114	₩ 207,244,532
(in thousands of Korean won)			December 31, 202	3	
		Cash flows from	Non-cas	sh flows	
	Beginning	financing activities	New lease	Others	Ending
Short-term borrowings	₩ 7,000,000	- ₩	₩ -	₩ -	₩ 7,000,000
Leasehold deposits received	7,174,118	(700,147)	2,333,654	243,513	9,051,138
Lease liabilities	196,823,999	(56,855,967)	40,633,580	16,159,907	196,761,519
	₩ 210,998,117	₩ (57,556,114)	₩ 42,967,234	₩ 16,403,420	₩ 212,812,657

#### 29. Related Party Transactions

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related parties of the Group are as follows:

Туре	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Associates and	Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.	Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.
Joint Ventures	1Up Ventures, L.P.	1Up Ventures, L.P.
	Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund	Smart Krafton-BonAngels Fund
	Nodwin Gaming Private Limited	Nodwin Gaming Private Limited
	Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited	Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited
	Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Estate I nvestment Trust 66	Mirae Asset Maps General Private Real Esta e Investment Trust 66
	Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd.	Seoul Auction Blue Co., Ltd.
	Seoulauction X Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	Seoulauction X Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>
	Tamatem Inc.	Tamatem Inc.
	Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited	Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited
	Mebigo Labs Private Limited	Mebigo Labs Private Limited
	Smart KNB Booster Fund	Smart KNB Booster Fund
	NIRVANANA	NIRVANANA
	1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.	1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.
	Funnystorm	Funnystorm
	Anycast technology Private Limited	Anycast technology Private Limited
	Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited	Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Lined
	Playgig, Inc.	Playgig, Inc.
	Gardens Interactive, Inc.	Gardens Interactive, Inc.
	FAST TRACK ASIA Co., Ltd	FAST TRACK ASIA Co., Ltd
	Kona Venture Fund V	Kona Venture Fund V
	DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX	DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX
	STUDIO SAI, CO.	STUDIO SAI, CO.
	Boundary Inc.	Boundary Inc.
	IMM India Fund	IMM India Fund
	OVERDARE, Inc.	OVERDARE, Inc.
	Red Rover Interactive Limited	-
	Eschatology Entertainment Ltd	-
	Ruckus Games Holdings, Inc.	-
	E.F. Games, S.L.	-
	Piccolo Studio, S.L.	-
	Republic Games Ltd	-
	Jeux Wolf Haus Inc.	-
	Day 4 Night Studios Inc.	-
	Spoonlabs	-
	TBT-IBX NEXT UNICORN FUND III	<del>-</del>
	Voracious Games Inc.	-
	Antistatic Studios Inc.	_
		Loco Interactive Pte Limited

Other related Overdare Korea, Inc. Overdare Korea, Inc.

parties BONANGELS VENTURE PARTNERS, INC. BONANGELS VENTURE PARTNERS, INC.

Chicken Dinner Industries, LLC Chicken Dinner Industries, LLC

Significant transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

					4			
		Reve	nue			Expenses	-	and disposal of sets
(in thousands of	Opera	ting	F	inance		Operating		
Korean won)	rever	nue	i	ncome		costs	Acquisition	Disposal
Associates and								
Joint ventures								
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.	₩	-	₩	1,708	₩	-	₩ -	₩ -
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited		-		-		173,264	-	-
Loco Interactive Pte Limited <sup>2</sup>		-		1		-	-	-
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited		-		132,290		-	-	-
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited		-		-		443,897	-	-
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited		-		-		199,448	-	-
OVERDARE, Inc.		-		28,530		-	2,630,000	-
Sub Total	₩	-	₩	162,529	₩	816,609	₩ 2,630,000	₩ -
Other Related Parties		,						
Overdare Korea, Inc.	₩ 33	34,318	₩	-	₩	-	₩ -	₩ 2,164
BONANGELS								
VENTURE		-		-		-	9,281,160	-
PARTNERS, INC.								
Sub Total		34,318	₩		₩	<u> </u>	₩ 9,281,160	₩ 2,164
Total	₩ 33	34,318	₩	162,529	₩	816,609	₩ 11,911,160	₩ 2,164

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Group's purchasing agency services for group purchases to the related party are not included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During the year ended December 31, 2024, X By Blue Co., Ltd. changed its name to Seoulauction X Co., Ltd.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Transaction amount up to the date of exclusion from the related party is presented.

#### 29. Related Party Transactions, (cont'd)

Control of Control o
Comparison of the property o
Joint ventures         Shinhan Alpha REIT Co., Ltd.²       ₩       - ₩       251,380 ₩       174,646 ₩       1,538,558 ₩       190,000 ₩       -         Nodwin Gaming Private Limited       -       -       828,814       -       -       -       -         NIRVANANA       -       4,741       -       -       -       -       -       -         Anycast technology       -       12,867       -       -       -       -       -       -
Co., Ltd. <sup>2</sup>
Limited - 828,814
Anycast technology - 12.867
12.86/
OVERDARE, Inc
Sub Total <th< td=""></th<>
Other Related Parties
Stoughton Street Tech $\forall$ 210,767 $\forall$ -
Overdare Korea, Inc. 48,603
Sub Total         ₩         259,370         ₩         -         ₩         -         ₩         -         ₩         -         ₩         2,184,462
Total ₩ 259,370 ₩ 256,121 ₩ 1,016,327 ₩ 1,538,558 ₩ 190,000 ₩ 27,970,462

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Group's purchasing agency services for group purchases to the related party are not included.

Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024										
			R	eceivables	Payables						
(in thousands of	Tı	rade		Other		Other	Account		Other		
Korean won)	rece	ivables	Re	Receivables		eceivables	Payables		Payables		
Associates and Joint ventures											
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited	₩	-	₩	-	₩	1,441,707	₩	-	₩	-	
Nautilus Mobile App Private Limited		-		-		9,854		-		179,156	
NIRVANANA		-		_		12,500,000		-		-	
Talent Unlimited Online Services Private Limited		-		-		-		32,531		-	
Piccolo Studio, S.L.		-		-		4,463,892		-		-	
OVERDARE, Inc.		-		6,468,000		28,530		-		-	
Sub Total	₩	_	₩	6,468,000	₩	18,443,983	₩	32,531	₩	179,156	
Other Related Parties											
Chicken Dinner Industries, LLC	₩	-	₩	-	₩	171,464	₩	-	₩	-	
Overdare Korea, Inc.		8,705		-		55,686		55,577		-	
Sub Total	₩	8,705	₩	-	₩	227,150	₩	55,577	₩	_	
Total	₩	8,705	₩	6,468,000	₩	18,671,133	₩	88,108	₩	179,156	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Transaction amount up to the date of exclusion from the related party is presented.

# 29. Related Party Transactions, (cont'd)

		2023						
	Receiv	ables	<b>S</b> <sup>1</sup>	Payables				
Т	rade	Other		A	ccount	Other		
rece	eivables	Re	ceivables	Pa	yables	Pa	yables	
₩	-	₩	-	₩	-	₩	12,894	
	-		1,289,244		-		-	
	-		12,500,000		-		-	
	-		-		6,446		<u>-</u>	
₩	-	₩	13,789,244	₩	6,446	₩	12,894	
			_			'		
₩	-	₩	135,286	₩	-	₩	-	
	53,463		347,963		274,088		-	
	53,463		483,249		274,088	'	-	
₩	53,463	₩	14,272,493	₩	280,534	₩	12,894	
	\w\ \\ \\ \\	Trade receivables	Trade receivables       Receivables         ₩       -       ₩         -       -       ₩         53,463       53,463	Receivables¹           Trade receivables         Other Receivables           ₩         -         1,289,244           -         12,500,000           -         -           ₩         -         ₩ 13,789,244           ₩         -         ₩ 135,286           53,463         347,963           53,463         483,249	Receivables¹           Trade receivables         Other Receivables         Addition of Particular Particula	Trade receivables         Other Receivables         Account Payables           ₩         -         ₩         -           -         1,289,244         -           -         12,500,000         -           -         -         6,446           ₩         -         ₩         135,286         ₩         -           53,463         347,963         274,088           53,463         483,249         274,088	Receivables¹         Payables           Trade receivables         Other Receivables         Account Payables         Compare Payables           ₩         -         ₩         -         ₩           -         1,289,244         -         -           -         12,500,000         -         -           -         -         6,446         ₩           ₩         -         ₩         135,286         ₩         -         ₩           53,463         347,963         274,088         274,088         274,088           53,463         483,249         274,088         -	

#### 29. Related Party Transactions, (cont'd)

Financing transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

				Decem	iber 3	ber 31, 2024					
	Loan transactions					Contributi	tions in cash				
(in thousands of Korean won)		Loans	Co	ollection	Р	ayment of Capital	Acquisition of Convertible bonds				
Associates and Joint						oup.iu.		201140			
ventures											
Hidden Sequence Co., Ltd.	₩	150,000	₩	150,000	₩	-	₩	-			
Nasadiya Technologies Private Limited		-		-		-		1,311,309			
Smart KNB Booster Fund		-		_		22,000,000		-			
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.		-		-		4,356,334		-			
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX		-		-		1,400,000		-			
Boundary Inc.		-		-		3,000,024		-			
IMM India Fund		-		-		1,041,278		-			
OVERDARE, Inc.		6,165,280		_		<u>-</u>	-				
Total	₩	6,315,280	₩	150,000	₩	31,797,636	₩	1,311,309			

						Dece	ember	31, 2023			
	Loan	trai	nsac	tions		Lease tran	nsactio	ons	Contribu	tions	in cash
(in thousands of Korean won) Associates	Loans		Co	llection		yment of lease abilities	ŀ	ection of ease eivables	Payment of Capital		quisition of onvertible bonds
Shinhan Alpha REIT Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	₩	-	₩	-	₩	9,941,859	₩	-	₩	- ₩	-
Smart Krafton- BonAngels Fund		-		-		-		-	120,000	)	-
Nodwin Gaming Private Limited		-		-		-		-	9,139,494	ļ	-
Loco Interactive Pte Limited		-		-		-		-		-	1,324,140
NIRVANANA		-		640,000		-		-		-	-
1Up Ventures Fund II, L.P.		-		-		-		-	4,535,333	3	-
DEVSISTERS VENTURES FUND IX		_		-		-		_	2,800,000	)	-
Total	₩	_	₩	640,000	₩	9,941,859	₩	-	₩ 16,594,827	<b>∀</b>	1,324,140

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Transaction amount up to the date of exclusion from the related party is presented.

#### 29. Related Party Transactions, (cont'd)

Key management includes registered directors and the executives who have significant authority and responsibility in respect to planning, operating and controlling the Group's business activities. Compensation for key management for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, consists of:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Decen	nber 31, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Salaries and bonuses	₩	4,241,456	₩	3,566,212	
Share-based payment expenses		67,094,051		7,016,795	
Post-employment benefits		441,455		179,214	
	₩	71,776,962	₩	10,762,221	

#### 30. Operating Segment

The Group has a single operating segment. The financial information reported to the Chief Executive Officer is identical to the disclosed consolidated financial statements.

Revenue per revenue stream for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023
PC	₩	941,879,465	₩	583,895,594
Mobile		1,689,837,033		1,244,818,528
Console		44,338,311		55,673,426
Others		33,719,298		26,188,632
	₩	2,709,774,107	₩	1,910,576,180

Revenue by geographical area for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)		December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023		
		Revenue	Ratio		Revenue	Ratio	
Asia	₩	2,294,220,130	84.66%	₩	1,613,272,877	84.44%	
Korea		195,355,212	7.21%		105,086,650	5.50%	
America / Europe		203,023,394	7.49%		179,086,142	9.37%	
Others		17,175,371	0.64%		13,130,511	0.69%	
	₩	2,709,774,107	100.00%	₩	1,910,576,180	100.00%	

#### 30. Operating Segment, (cont'd)

Revenue derived from major external customer contributing more than 10% of the Group's revenue for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(in thousands of Korean won)	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Major customer(A)	₩ 1,385,824,451	₩	1,029,926,853	



#### **KPMG SAMJONG Accounting Corp.**

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# **Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes**

Based on a report originally issued in Korean

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Krafton, Inc.

#### Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes

We have audited Krafton, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes ("ICFR") as of December 31, 2024 based on the criteria established in the Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating ICFR ("ICFR Design and Operation Framework") issued by the Operating Committee of Internal Control over Financial Reporting in the Republic of Korea (the "ICFR Committee").

In our opinion, the Group maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes as of December 31, 2024, based on ICFR Design and Operation Framework.

We also have audited, in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing ("KSAs"), the consolidated financial statements of the Group, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and our report dated March 11, 2025 expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

#### Basis for Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes

We conducted our audit in accordance with KSAs. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the internal control over financial reporting in Republic of Korea, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes

The Group's management is responsible for designing, operating and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes, included in the accompanying Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidated Financial Statements.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group's internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with KSAs. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit of internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk.

#### Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidation Purposes

The Group's internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards ("K-IFRS"). The Group's internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Group; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with K-IFRS, and that receipts and expenditures of the Group are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Group; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Group's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes may not prevent or detect misstatements in the consolidated financial statements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Jin-Bo Shim.

PMG Samjory Accounting Corp.

Seoul, Korea

March 11, 2025

This report is effective as of March 11, 2025, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the internal control over financial reporting for consolidation purposes. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that the above audit report has not been updated to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

# KRAFTON

# Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidated Financial Statements

(English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Korean)

To the Shareholders, Board of Directors and Audit Committee of KRAFTON, Inc.

We, as the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Internal Control over Financial Reporting Officer of KRAFTON, Inc. (the Company), assessed the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's Internal Control over Financial Reporting for Consolidated Financial Statements (ICFR) for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Company's management, including ourselves, is responsible for designing and operating ICFR.

We assessed the design and operating effectiveness of ICFR in the prevention and detection of an error or fraud which may cause material misstatements in the preparation and disclosure of reliable financial statements.

We designed and operated ICFR in accordance with Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating Internal Control over Financial Reporting established by the Operating Committee of Internal Control over Financial Reporting in Korea (the ICFR Committee). And we conducted an evaluation of ICFR based on Best Practice Guideline for Evaluating and Reporting Effectiveness of Internal Control over Financial Reporting established by the ICFR Committee.

Based on the assessment results, we believe that the Company's ICFR, as of December 31, 2024, is designed and operating effectively, in all material respects, in accordance with Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

We certify that this report does not contain any untrue statement of a fact or omit to state a fact necessary to be presented herein.

# KRAFTON

We also certify that this report does not contain or present any statement which cause material misunderstandings, and we have reviewed and verified this report with sufficient due care.

February 11, 2025

7년 청춘 Chang Han Kim,

Chief Executive Officer

Agra

Dong Keun Bae,

Internal Control over Financial Reporting Officer